Muhibbah Engineering (M) Bhd. (Company No. 12737-K) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

and its subsidiaries

Financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014

Muhibbah Engineering (M) Bhd.

(Company No. 12737-K) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

and its subsidiaries

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2014

The Directors have pleasure in submitting their report and the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2014.

Principal activities

The Company is principally engaged in the provision of oil and gas, marine, infrastructure, civil and structural engineering contract works. The subsidiaries are involved in design, manufacture, commission, repair, maintenance and customisation of cranes, offshore supply vessels and anchor handling tugboats for oil and gas industry. The associates are mainly involved in international airport concessions in Cambodia and road maintenance concessions in Malaysia. The main business segments of the Group are stated in Note 26 to the financial statements. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are stated in Note 5 to the financial statements. There have been no significant change in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

Results

	Group RM'000	Company RM'000
Profit attributable to:		
Owners of the Company	81,550	20,265
Non-controlling interests	37,306	-
Profit for the year	118,856	20,265

Reserves and provisions

There were no material transfers to or from reserves and provisions during the financial year under review except as disclosed in the financial statements.

Dividends

Since the end of the previous financial year, the Company paid a first and final tax exempt dividend of 9% (4.50 sen) per ordinary share of RM0.50 each totalling RM19,087,000 in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2013.

The first and final tax exempt dividend recommended by the Directors in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2014 is 8% (4.00 sen) per ordinary share of RM0.50 each totalling RM17,187,000 and is subject to the approval of the shareholders at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Directors of the Company

Directors who served since the date of the last report are:

Tan Sri Zakaria bin Abdul Hamid Mac Ngan Boon @ Mac Yin Boon Ooi Sen Eng Mac Chung Jin (Resigned as alternate director to Ooi Sen Eng and appointed as director on 15 May 2014) Lee Poh Kwee (Appointed on 15 May 2014) Abd Hamid bin Ibrahim Sobri bin Abu Dato' Mohamad Kamarudin bin Hassan (Appointed on 15 May 2014) Mazlan bin Abdul Hamid (Appointed on 15 May 2014) Tuan Haji Mohamed Taib bin Ibrahim (Resigned on 15 May 2014) Low Ping Lin (Resigned on 15 May 2014) Dato' Seri Dr Raja Ahmad Zainuddin bin Raja Haji Omar (Resigned on 15 May 2014) Lim Teik Hin (Resigned on 15 May 2014)

Directors' interests

The direct interests in the shares and employees' share options of the Company and of its related corporations (other than wholly-owned subsidiaries) of those who were Directors at financial year end as recorded in the Register of Directors' Shareholdings are as follows:

	Number of ordinary shares of RM0.50 each										
	At										
	1.1.2014/										
	Date	Allotted		At							
	of appointment	Bought	Sold	31.12.2014							
Muhibbah Engineering (M) Bhd:											
Mac Ngan Boon @ Mac Yin Boon	71,591,416	-	-	71,591,416							
Ooi Sen Eng	13,425,066	-	(200,000)	13,225,066							
Mac Chung Jin	5,160,000	-	(100,000)	5,060,000							
Lee Poh Kwee	4,046,272	-	-	4,046,272							
Mazlan bin Abdul Hamid	390,000	-	(85,000)	305,000							
Favelle Favco Berhad (a subsidiary):											
Tan Sri Zakaria bin Abdul Hamid	220,000	-	-	220,000							
Mac Ngan Boon @ Mac Yin Boon	8,492,913	-	-	8,492,913							
Ooi Sen Eng	1,156,000	-	-	1,156,000							
Mac Chung Jin	677,000	-	-	677,000							
Lee Poh Kwee	1,295,000	-	-	1,295,000							
Abd Hamid bin Ibrahim	95,000	-	-	95,000							
Mazlan bin Abdul Hamid	2,032,800	210,000	(18,800)	2,224,000							

Directors' interests (continued)

The options granted to eligible Directors over unissued ordinary shares of the Company and of its related corporation (other than wholly-owned subsidiaries) pursuant to the Employees' Share Option Scheme are set out below:

Num	Number of options over ordinary shares of RM0.50 each											
	At			At								
	1.1.2014	Granted	Exercised	31.12.2014								
Muhibbah Engineering (M) Bhd:												
Mac Ngan Boon @ Mac Yin Boon	1,880,000	-	-	1,880,000								
Ooi Sen Eng	1,700,000	-	-	1,700,000								
Mac Chung Jin	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000								
Lee Poh Kwee	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000								
Mazlan bin Abdul Hamid	300,000	-	-	300,000								
Favelle Favco Berhad (a subsidiary):												
Mac Ngan Boon @ Mac Yin Boon	650,000	-	-	650,000								
Lee Poh Kwee	420,000	-	-	420,000								
Mazlan bin Abdul Hamid	420,000	-	(210,000)	210,000								

By virtue of his interests in shares of the Company, Mac Ngan Boon @ Mac Yin Boon's shareholdings of more than 15% is also deemed to have interest in the shares of all the subsidiaries during the financial year to the extent that Muhibbah Engineering (M) Bhd. has an interest.

Other than the abovementioned Directors, none of the other Directors holding office at 31 December 2014 had any interest in the ordinary shares of the Company and of its related corporations during the financial year.

Directors' benefits

Since the end of the previous financial year, no Director of the Company has received nor become entitled to receive any benefit (other than a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by the Directors as shown in the financial statements of the Company or the fixed salary of a full time employee of the Company or of related corporations) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with the Director or with a firm of which the Director is a member, or with a company in which the Director has a substantial financial interest except for any benefits which may be deemed to arise from transaction entered into in the ordinary course of business with companies in which certain directors have substantial financial interest as disclosed in Note 30 to the financial statements.

There were no arrangements during and at the end of the financial year which had the object of enabling Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate apart from certain Directors' entitlement to subscribe for new ordinary shares of the Company under the Employees' Share Option Scheme.

Issue of shares and debentures

The movement of share capital is disclosed in Note 14 to the financial statements.

The Company has not issued any debentures during the financial year.

Treasury shares

The treasury shares are disclosed in Note 15 to the financial statements.

Options granted over unissued shares

No options were granted to any person to take up unissued shares of the Company during the financial year apart from the issue of options pursuant to the Employees' Share Option Scheme.

The Company operates an Employees' Share Option Scheme ("ESOS Scheme") that was established and approved by the shareholders of the Company at an Extraordinary General Meeting ("EGM") held on 28 June 2011. The main features of the ESOS, details of share options offered and exercised during the financial year are disclosed in Note 24.

The Company has been granted exemption pursuant to Section 169(11) of the Companies Act, 1965 by the Companies Commission of Malaysia from having to disclose the names of option holders, other than Directors, who have been granted options representing 700,000 ordinary shares of RM0.50 each and below under the ESOS Scheme. The option holders who have been granted options representing more than 700,000 ordinary shares of RM0.50 each are as follows:-

	Number of op Balance at	tions over ord	linary shares o	of RM0.50 each Balance at
	1.1.2014	Granted	Exercised	31.12.2014
Chong Lai Keong	500,000	-	-	500,000
Tan Bin Tat	750,000	-	(250,000)	500,000
Tan Chin Guan	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
Ooi Kien Chuan	334,000	-	(334,000)	-
Mac Chung Hui	467,000	-	(234,000)	233,000

Other statutory information

Before the financial statements of the Group and of the Company were made out, the Directors took reasonable steps to ascertain that:

- i) all known bad debts had been written off and adequate allowance had been made for impairment losses on receivables, and
- ii) any current assets which were unlikely to be realised in the ordinary course of business have been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.

At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances:

- i) that would render the amount written off for bad debts or the amount of allowance for impairment losses on receivables in the Group and in the Company inadequate to any substantial extent, or
- ii) that would render the value attributed to the current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading, or
- iii) which have arisen which render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate, or
- iv) not otherwise dealt with in this report or the financial statements that would render any amount stated in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading.

The contingent liabilities are disclosed in Note 29 to the financial statements. At the date of this report, there does not exist:

- i) any charge on the assets of the Group or of the Company that has arisen since the end of the financial year and which secures the liabilities of any other person, or
- ii) any contingent liability in respect of the Group or of the Company that has arisen since the end of the financial year.

No contingent liability or other liability of any company in the Group has become enforceable, or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which, in the opinion of the Directors, will or may substantially affect the ability of the Group and of the Company to meet their obligations as and when they fall due.

In the opinion of the Directors, the financial performance of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2014 have not been substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature nor has any such item, transaction or event occurred in the interval between the end of that financial year and the date of this report.

Auditors

The auditors, Messrs Crowe Horwath, have indicated their willingness to accept re-appointment.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Directors:

Mac Ngan Boon @ Mac Yin Boon

Ooi Sen Eng

Klang,

Date: 21 April 2015

Muhibbah Engineering (M) Bhd. (Company No. 12737-K) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

and its subsidiaries

Statements of financial position as at 31 December 2014

		Gro	up	Company			
	Note	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000		
Assets							
Property, plant and							
Equipment	3	723,289	710,676	144,317	144,406		
Investment properties	4	264	276	1,189	1,232		
Investments in subsidiaries	5	-	-	247,931	258,364		
Investments in associates	6	210,212	190,301	8,424	8,424		
Receivables, deposits							
and prepayments	7	36,539	45,138	10,000	10,000		
Deferred tax assets	8	15,447	5,481	-	-		
Other non-current assets	9	24,166	18,922	9	9		
	_						
Total non-current assets		1,009,917	970,794	411,870	422,435		
Dessivables deposits							
Receivables, deposits and prepayments	7	708,701	624,025	524,660	549,591		
Amount due from	/	708,701	024,023	524,000	549,591		
contract customers	10	532,121	412,335	334,525	237,082		
Inventories	10	282,335	206,565	1,606	237,082		
Current tax assets	11	14,167	9,417	936	1,132		
Derivative assets	12	14,107	726	-	1,132		
Cash and cash equivalents	12	585,532	426,307	227,300	72,012		
Cash and cash equivalents	15	565,552	420,307	227,500	72,012		
Total current assets	-	2,122,856	1,679,375	1,089,027	859,817		
Total assets	-	3,132,773	2,650,169	1,500,897	1,282,252		

Statements of financial position as at 31 December 2014

(continued)

		Gro	up	Company			
	Note	2014	2013	2014	2013		
Equity		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000		
Share capital	14	215,732	211,214	215,732	211,214		
Reserves	15	428,247	351,442	88,628	82,704		
Total equity attributable to owners of the	-						
Company		643,979	562,656	304,360	293,918		
Non-controlling interests		224,309	194,456	-	-		
Total equity	-	868,288	757,112	304,360	293,918		
Liabilities							
Loans and borrowings	16	69,267	137,296	14,742	90,241		
Payables and accruals	10	15,076	14,232	14,742			
Deferred tax liabilities	8	45,615	47,489	8,401	8,401		
Total non-current	-						
liabilities		129,958	199,017	23,143	98,642		
Payables and accruals Amount due to	17	606,931	539,707	232,310	202,272		
contract customers	10	321,267	408,161	28	43,382		
Bills payable	18	788,447	616,600	606,995	557,822		
Derivative liabilities	12	24,890	2,909	2,327	706		
Loans and borrowings	16	378,775	120,913	331,734	85,510		
Current tax liabilities		14,217	5,750	-	-		
Total current liabilities		2,134,527	1,694,040	1,173,394	889,692		
Total liabilities	_	2,264,485	1,893,057	1,196,537	988,334		
Total equity and liabilities	_	3,132,773	2,650,169	1,500,897	1,282,252		

The notes on pages 18 to 99 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Muhibbah Engineering (M) Bhd.

(Company No. 12737-K) (Incorporated in Malaysia) and its subsidiaries

Statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2014

		Gr	oup	Company		
	Note	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	
Revenue	19	1,733,620	1,936,401	410,602	578,129	
Cost of sales	-	(1,479,481)	(1,723,119)	(370,580)	(517,194)	
Gross profit		254,139	213,282	40,022	60,935	
Other income		7,485	2,993	264	2,383	
Distribution costs		(20,206)	(16,771)	(4,481)	(2,687)	
Administrative expenses		(118,382)	(94,565)	(24,765)	(18,341)	
Other expenses		-	-	(1,484)	(9,698)	
Results from operating						
activities		123,036	104,939	9,556	32,592	
Interest income		17,813	7,196	26,970	4,681	
Finance costs		(46,353)	(26,137)	(24,212)	(18,063)	
Operating profit Share of profit after tax and non-controlling interest of equity	20	94,496	85,998	12,314	19,210	
accounted associates		49,193	46,572	-	-	
Profit before tax		143,689	132,570	12,314	19,210	
Income tax (expense)/benefits	22	(24,833)	(16,355)	7,951	6,816	
Profit for the year	-	118,856	116,215	20,265	26,026	
Profit attributable to:						
Owners of the Company		81,550	86,379	20,265	26,026	
Non-controlling interests		37,306	29,836	-	-	
Profit for the year		118,856	116,215	20,265	26,026	
Earnings per ordinary share (sen)						
- Basic	23	19.23	20.98			
- Diluted	23	17.88	19.74			

Statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2014

(continued)

		Gro	oup	Company				
	Note	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000			
Profit for the year		118,856	116,215	20,265	26,026			
Other comprehensive income, net of tax Item that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Movement in revaluation of property, plant and equipment, net of tax		166	115	-	115			
Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations		9,625	14,816	-	-			
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	9,791	14,931	_	115			
Total comprehensive income for the year		128,647	131,146	20,265	26,141			
Total comprehensive income attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests		93,223 35,424	100,103 31,043	20,265	26,141			
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	128,647	131,146	20,265	26,141			

The notes on pages 18 to 99 are an integral part of these financial statements

Muhibbah Engineering (M) Bhd.

(Company No. 12737-K) (Incorporated in Malaysia) **and its subsidiaries**

Consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2014

		/Nttributable to owners of the Company//////////////////////////////									/ Distributable			
Group	Note	Share capital RM'000	Treasury shares RM'000	Share premium RM'000	Warrant reserve RM'000	Revaluation reserve RM'000	Capital reserve RM'000	Share options reserve RM'000	Translation reserve RM'000	Retained earnings RM'000	Total RM'000	Non- controlling interests RM'000	Total equity RM'000	
At 1 January 2013		204,124	(5,561)	6,455	2,280	167,631	5,237	10,532	(1,464)	64,821	454,055	166,353	620,408	
 Other comprehensive income: Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations Disposal of revalued property, plant and equipment Crystallisation of deferred tax on disposal of revalued property, plant 		-	-	-	-	- (346)	-	-	13,609	- 346	13,609 -	1,207	14,816	
and equipment Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	115 86,379	115 86,379	29,836	115 116,215	
Total comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	(346)	-	-	13,609	86,840	100,103	31,043	131,146	
Share-based payment Share option exercised Transfer to share premium for share	24 14	7,090	-	5,388	-	-	-	5,255	-	-	5,255 12,478	386 2,629	5,641 15,107	
option exercised Issue of shares to non-controlling interest		-	-	6,421	-	-	-	(6,421)	-	-	-	- 493	- 493	
Dilution of interest in subsidiary Dividend to owners of the Company	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,461) (7,774)	(1,461) (7,774)	1,461	493 - (7,774)	
Dividend to owners of the Company Dividend to non-controlling interest Total transactions with owners	23	7,090	-		-	-	-	(1,166)	-	(9,235)		(7,909) (2,940)	(7,909) 5,558	
					-	-	-		-		,		,	
At 31 December 2013		211,214	(5,561)	18,264	2,280	167,285	5,237	9,366	12,145	142,426	562,656	194,456	757,112	
			/			INO	E 13			/				

Consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2014

(continued)

			/Attributable to owners of the Company///////////////////////////////						/ Distributable				
Group	Note	Share capital RM'000	Treasury shares RM'000	Share premium RM'000	Warrant reserve RM'000	Revaluation reserve RM'000	Capital reserve RM'000	Share options reserve RM'000	Translation reserve RM'000	Retained earnings RM'000	Total RM'000	Non- controlling interests RM'000	Total equity RM'000
At 1 January 2014		211,214	(5,561)	18,264	2,280	167,285	5,237	9,366	12,145	142,426	562,656	194,456	757,112
Other comprehensive income: - Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations - Movement in revaluation of property,		-	-	-	-	-	-		11,573	-	11,573	(1,948)	9,625
plant and equipment, net of tax		-	-	-	-	100	-	-	-	-	100	66	166
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	81,550	81,550	37,306	118,856
Total comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	100	-	-	11,573	81,550	93,223	35,424	128,647
Share-based payment	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,545	-	-	1,545	280	1,825
Share option exercised Transfer to share premium for share	14	4,018	-	3,054	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,072	2,047	9,119
option exercised		-	-	3,732	-	-	-	(3,732)	-	-	-	-	-
Warrant exercised		500	-	630	(60)	-	-	-	-	-	1,070	-	1,070
Issue of shares to non-controlling interest		_	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	(1,872)	(1,872)
Dilution of interest in subsidiary		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,500)	(2,500)	2,500	-
Dividend to owners of the Company	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(19,087)	(19,087)	_,	(19,087)
Dividend to non-controlling interest		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8,526)	(8,526)
Total transactions with owners		4,518	-	7,416	(60)	-	-	(2,187)	-	(21,587)	(11,900)	(5,571)	(17,471)
At 31 December 2014		215,732	(5,561)	25,680	2,220	167,385	5,237	7,179	23,718	202,389	643,979	224,309	868,288
			/			No	te 15			/			

The notes on pages 18 to 99 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2014

		/	/	Distributable					
Company	Note	Share capital RM'000	Treasury shares RM'000	Share premium RM'000	Warrant reserve RM'000	Revaluation reserve RM'000	Share options reserve RM'000	Retained earnings RM'000	Total RM'000
At 1 January 2013		204,124	(5,561)	5,257	2,280	26,310	9,329	16,682	258,421
Other comprehensive income: - Disposal of revalued property, plant and equipment - Crystallisation of deferred tax on dispersed experts where		-	-	-	-	(346)	-	346	-
disposal of revalued property, plant and equipment		-	-	-	-	-	-	115	115
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	26,026	26,026
Total comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	(346)	-	26,487	26,141
Share-based payment	24	-		-	-	-	4,652		4,652
Share option exercised Transfer to share premium for share	14	7,090	-	5,388	-	-	-	-	12,478
option exercised		-	-	5,615	-	-	(5,615)	-	-
Dividend to owners of the Company	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,774)	(7,774)
Total transactions with owners		7,090	-	11,003	-	-	(963)	(7,774)	9,356
At 31 December 2013		211,214	(5,561)	16,260	2,280	25,964	8,366	35,395	293,918
			/		Note	15		/	

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2014

(continued)

		/		/	Distributable				
Company	Note	Share capital RM'000	Treasury shares RM'000	Share premium RM'000	Warrant reserve RM'000	Revaluation reserve RM'000	Share options reserve RM'000	Retained earnings RM'000	Total RM'000
At 1 January 2014		211,214	(5,561)	16,260	2,280	25,964	8,366	35,395	293,918
Profit for the year/Total comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	-	-	20,265	20,265
Share-based payment	24	-	-	-	-	-	1,122	-	1,122
Share option exercised	14	4,018	-	3,054	-	-	-	-	7,072
Transfer to share premium for share option exercised		_	_	3,182	_	-	(3,182)	_	_
Warrant exercised		500	-	630	(60)	-	-	-	1,070
Dividend to owners of the Company	25							(19,087)	(19,087)
Total transactions with owners		4,518	-	6,866	(60)	-	(2,060)	(19,087)	(9,823)
At 31 December 2014		215,732	(5,561)	23,126	2,220	25,964	6,306	36,573	304,360
			/			Note 15		/	

The note on pages 18 to 99 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Muhibbah Engineering (M) Bhd.

(Company No. 12737-K) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

and its subsidiaries

Statements of cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2014

	Gro 2014 RM'000	up 2013 RM'000	Comj 2014 RM'000	pany 2013 RM'000
Cash flows (for)/from operating activities				
Profit before tax	143,689	132,570	12,314	19,210
Adjustments for:	143,089	132,370	12,314	19,210
Amortisation of development costs	1,093	1,614		
±	217	218	-	-
Amortisation of intellectual property Bad debts written off	9,188	210	- 181	28
	9,188	12	43	28 44
Depreciation of investment properties	12	12	43	44
Depreciation of property, plant and	51 107	57 556	16 150	15 477
equipment Dividend income	54,487	52,556	16,450	15,477
	-	-	(25,324)	(66,898)
Finance costs	46,353	46,826	8,438	29,622
Loss on re-measurement to fair value of	12 705			
an associate	13,705	-	-	-
Loss/(Gain) on disposal of property, plant	2 902	101	1 204	(1.795)
and equipment	2,803	121	1,204	(1,785)
Gain on disposal of investment		(701)		(701)
properties	- (17.012)	(701)	(2, 002)	(701)
Interest income	(17,813)	(7,196)	(3,882)	(4,681)
Net fair value adjustment on derivative	22 707	2 206	1 (22	(22)
instruments	22,707	3,296	1,622	633
Net impairment loss on development costs	-	1,262	-	-
Net impairment loss on investments in			10.420	10 452
subsidiaries	-	-	10,430	19,453
Net impairment loss/(recovery) on	10.052	(10.24c)	$(2 \leq 0)$	(10.207)
receivables	18,253	(10,346)	(368)	(10,327)
Net impairment loss/(recovery) on	10	$\langle 2 0 \rangle$		
other investments	12	(29)	-	-
Net impairment (recovery)/loss on	(200)	2 995		
property, plant and equipment	(399)	3,885	-	-
Net provision for warranties	7,505	2,835	5,975	-
Property, plant and equipment written off	345	3,571	-	1,611
Share based payments	1,825	5,641	1,122	4,652
Share of profit of associates	(49,193)	(46,572)	-	-
Write-off of investment in a subsidiary	-	-	3	66
Write-down of inventories	2,487	3,842	-	-
Operating profit before changes		100 105	20.200	
in working capital	257,276	193,405	28,208	6,404

Statements of cash flows for the year ended 31 December

2014 (continued)

	Note	Gro 2014 RM'000	oup 2013 RM'000	Comj 2014 RM'000	pany 2013 RM'000
Operating profit before changes in working capital (continued)		257,276	193,405	28,208	6,404
Receivables, deposits and prepayments Inventories Payables and accruals Amount due (from)/to contract customers Cash (used in)/generated from operations	-	(113,798) (78,257) 52,612 (206,680) (88,847)	253,712 (12,744) (70,788) 35,589 399,174	50,665 (1,606) 22,716 (140,797) (40,814)	236,824 (38,036) (36,130) 169,062
Taxes paid Taxes refunded Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities	-	(29,702) 552 (117,997)	(31,622) 306 367,858	(388) 248 (40,954)	(11,341)
Cash flows (for)/from investing activities Acquisition of a subsidiary	5	3	_	_	_
Acquisition of shares from non-controlling interest Additions to development expenditure	-	(1,872) (5,781)	- (6,083)	- -	- -
Dividend received from: - subsidiaries - associates Increase in equity interest in subsidiaries		- 36,861 -	- 39,620 -	13,124 12,200	43,655 21,300 (34,600)
Investments in associates Interest received Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		- 5,772 9,492	(4,165) 5,769 7,812	3,882 4,050	4,681 5,017
Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of other non-current assets Net cash (used for)/generated from		(54,395)	(38,113) (220)	(21,615)	(7,417)
investing activities	-	(9,920)	4,620	11,641	32,636

Statements of cash flows for the year ended 31 December

 $2014 \ (\text{continued})$

		Group		Company	
		2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Cash flows from/(for) financing activities					
Dividend paid to owners of the Company		(19,087)	(7,774)	(19,087)	(7,774)
Dividend paid to non-controlling interest		(8,526)	(7,909)	-	-
Interest paid		(22,173)	(39,545)	(24,351)	(22,373)
Proceeds from exercise of share option					
and warrant		8,142	12,478	8,142	12,478
Proceeds from issuance of shares to non- controlling interests of a subsidiary		-	3,122	-	-
Net advances/(repayment) of loans and					
borrowings	-	327,682	(227,000)	221,673	(136,641)
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities	-	286,038	(266,628)	186,377	(154,310)
Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations	-	(4,638)	(4,488)	_	<u>_</u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		153,483	101,362	157,064	36,047
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	_	421,647	320,285	70,002	33,955
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	(i)	575,130	421,647	227,066	70,002

(i) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents included in the statements of cash flows comprise the following statement of financial position amounts:

		Group		Company	
	Note	2014	2013	2014	2013
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Deposits placed with licensed banks	13	112,389	208,973	15,322	66,706
Short-term funds	13	187,000	-	187,000	-
Cash and bank balances	13	286,143	217,334	24,978	5,306
Bank overdrafts	16	(10,402)	(4,660)	(234)	(2,010)
		575,130	421,647	227,066	70,002

The notes on pages 18 to 99 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Muhibbah Engineering (M) Bhd. (Company No. 12737-K) (Incorporated in Malaysia) and its subsidiaries

Notes to the financial statements

Muhibbah Engineering (M) Bhd. is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia and listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The address of its registered office and principal place of business is Lot 579 and 586, 2nd Mile, Jalan Batu Tiga Lama, 41300 Klang, Selangor Darul Ehsan, Malaysia.

The consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2014 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the Group) and the Group's interest in associates and jointly controlled operations. The financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended 31 December 2014 do not include other entities.

The Company is principally engaged in the provision of oil and gas, marine, infrastructure, civil and structural engineering contract works. The subsidiaries are involved in design, manufacture, commission, repair, maintenance and customisation of cranes, offshore supply vessels and anchor handling tugboats for oil and gas industry. The associates are mainly involved in international airport concessions in Cambodia and road maintenance concessions in Malaysia. The main business segments of the Group are stated in Note 26 to the financial statements. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are as stated in Note 5.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 21 April 2015.

1. Basis of preparation

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements of the Group and of the Company are prepared under the historical cost convention and modified to include other bases of valuation as disclosed in other sections under significant accounting policies, and in compliance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRSs"), International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirement of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.

During the current financial year, the Group and the Company have adopted the following new accounting standards and interpretations (including the consequential amendments, if any):-

MFRSs and IC Interpretations (Including The Consequential Amendments)

Amendments to MFRS 10, MFRS 12 and MFRS 127 (2011): Investment Entities

Amendments to MFRS 132: Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

Amendments to MFRS 136: *Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-financial Assets*

Amendments to MFRS 139: Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting

IC Interpretation 21 Levies

1. Basis of preparation (continued)

(a) Statement of compliance (continued)

The adoption of the above accounting standards and interpretations (including the consequential amendments) did not have any material impact on the Group and the Company financial statements.

The Group and the Company have not applied in advance the following accounting standards and interpretations (including the consequential amendments, if any) that have been issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") but are not yet effective for the current financial year.

MFRSs, Interpretations and amendments	Effective date
• MFRS 9 Financial Instruments (IFRS 9 issued by IASB	
in July 2014)	1 January 2018
• MFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers	1 January 2017
• Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128 (2011): Sale	
or Contribution of Assets between an Investor or its	
Associate or Joint Venture	1 January 2016
• Amendments to MFRS 11: Accounting for Acquisitions	
of Interests in Joint Operations	1 January 2016
• Amendments to MFRS 10, MFRS12 and MFRS128	J
(2011): Investment Entities – Applying the Consolidation	
Exception	1 January 2016
• Amendments to MFRS 101: Presentation of Financial	
Statements – Disclosure Initiative	1 January 2016
• Amendments to MFRS 116 and MFRS 138:	
Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation	
and Amortisation	1 January 2016
• Amendments to MFRS 116 and MFRS 141: Agriculture	
– Bearer Plants	1 January 2016
• Amendments to MFRS 119: Defined Benefit Plans –	
Employee Contributions	1 July 2014
• Amendments to MFRS 127 (2011): Equity Method in	
Separate Financial Statements	1 January 2016
• Annual Improvements to MFRSs 2010 – 2012 Cycle	1 July 2014
• Annual Improvements to MFRSs 2011 – 2013 Cycle	1 July 2014
• Annual Improvements to MFRSs 2012 – 2014 Cycle	1 January 2016

The initial application of the abovementioned standards, amendments or interpretations are not expected to have any material impacts to the financial statements of the Group and the Company upon their first adoption.

1. Basis of preparation (continued)

(b) Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except as disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia (RM), which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented is in RM and has been rounded to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise stated.

(d) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with MFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

There are no significant areas of estimation of uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have significant effects on the amounts recognised in the financial statements other than:

- recognition of revenue and profit from construction contracts
- valuation of investment properties
- impairment test of goodwill
- share-based payments
- depreciation
- income tax

2. Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to the periods presented in these financial statements and have been applied consistently by Group entities, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of consolidation

(i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities, including unincorporated entities, controlled by the Group. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

(a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

(i) Subsidiaries (continued)

The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Potential voting rights are considered when assessing control only when such rights are substantive. The Group also considers it has de factor power over an investee when, despite not having the majority of voting rights, it has the current ability to direct the activities of the investee that significantly affect the investee's return.

Investments in subsidiaries are measured in the Company's statement of financial position at cost less any impairment losses, unless the investment is classified as held for sale or distribution. The cost of investment includes transaction costs.

(ii) Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method from the acquisition date, which is the date on which control is transferred to the Group.

For new acquisitions, the Group measures the cost of goodwill at the acquisition date as:

- the fair value of the consideration transferred; plus
- the recognised amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree; plus
- if the business combination is achieved in stages, the fair value of the existing equity interest in the acquiree; less
- the net recognised amount (generally fair value) of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

When the excess is negative, a bargain purchase gain is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

(a) **Basis of consolidation (continued)**

(ii) Business combinations (continued)

For each business combination, the Group elects whether it measures the noncontrolling interests in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets at the acquisition date.

Transaction costs, other than those associated with the issue of debt or equity securities, that the Group incurs in connection with a business combination are expensed as incurred.

(iii) Acquisitions of non-controlling interests

The Group accounts for all changes in its ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control as equity transactions between the Group and its non-controlling interest holders. Any difference between the Group's share of net assets before and after the change, and any consideration received or paid, is adjusted to or against Group reserves.

(iv) Loss of control

Upon the loss of control of a subsidiary, the Group derecognises the assets and liabilities of the former subsidiary, any non-controlling interests and the other components of equity related to the former subsidiary from the consolidated statement of financial position. Any surplus or deficit arising on the loss of control is recognised in profit or loss. If the Group retains any interest in the former subsidiary, then such interest is measured at fair value at the date that control is lost. Subsequently, it is accounted for as an equity accounted investee or as an available-for-sale financial asset depending on the level of the influence retained.

(v) Associates

Associates are entities, including unincorporated entities, in which the Group has significant influence, but not control, over the financial and operating policies.

Investments in associates are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method less any impairment losses, unless it is classified as held for sale or distribution. The cost of the investment includes transaction costs. The consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associates, after adjustments, if any, to align the accounting policies with those of the Group, from the date that significant influence commences until the date that significant influence ceases.

(a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

(v) Associates (continued)

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in an associate, the carrying amount of that interest including any long-term investments is reduced to zero, and the recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has an obligation or has made payments on behalf of the associate.

When the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate, any retained interest in the former associate at the date when significant influence is lost is measured at fair value and this amount is regarded as the initial carrying amount of a financial asset. The difference between the fair value of any retained interest plus proceeds from the interest disposed of and the carrying amount of the investment at the date when equity method is discontinued is recognised in the profit and loss.

When the Group's interest in an associate decreases but does not result in a loss of significant influence, any retained interest is not remeasured. Any gain or loss arising from the decrease in interest is recognised in profit or loss. Any gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are also reclassified proportionately to the profit or loss if that gain or loss would be required to be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

Investments in associates are measured in the Company's statement of financial position at cost less any impairment losses, unless the investment is classified as held for sale or distribution. The cost of investment includes transaction costs.

(vi) Joint arrangements

Joint arrangements are arrangements of which the Group has joint control, established by contracts requiring unanimous consent for decisions about the activities that significantly affect the arrangements' returns.

Joint arrangements are classified and accounted for as follows:

- A joint arrangement is classified as "joint operation" when the Group or the Company has rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities relating to an arrangement. The Group and the Company account for each of its share of the assets, liabilities and transactions, including its share of those held or incurred jointly with the other investors, in relation to the joint operation.
- A joint arrangement is classified as "joint venture" when the Group or the Company has rights only to the net assets of the arrangements. The Group accounts for its interest in the joint venture using the equity method. Investment in joint venture are measured in the Company's statement of financial position at cost less any impairment losses, unless the investment is classified as held for sale or distribution. The cost of investment includes transaction costs.

(a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

(vii) Non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interests at the end of the reporting period, being the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to equity holders of the Company, are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity within equity, separately from equity attributable to the owners of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group is presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of the profit or loss and the comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the owners of the Company.

Losses applicable to the non-controlling interests in a subsidiary are allocated to the non-controlling interests even if doing so causes the non-controlling interests to have a deficit balance.

(viii) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity-accounted associates are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

(b) Foreign currency

(i) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the respective functional currencies of Group entities at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the end of the reporting period are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are not retranslated at the end of the reporting date except for those that are measured at fair value are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined.

Foreign currency differences arising from retranslation are recognised in profit or loss, except for differences arising on the retranslation of available-for-sale equity instruments or a financial instrument designated as a hedge of currency risk, which are recognised in other comprehensive income.

In the consolidated financial statements, when settlement of a monetary item receivable from or payable to a foreign operation is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future, foreign exchange gains and losses arising from such a monetary item are considered to form part of a net investment in a foreign operation and are recognised in other comprehensive income, and are presented in the foreign currency translation reserve ("FCTR") in equity.

(ii) Operations denominated in functional currencies other than Ringgit Malaysia

The assets and liabilities of operations denominated in functional currencies other than RM, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated to RM at exchange rates at the end of the reporting period, except for goodwill and fair value adjustments arising from business combinations before 1 January 2011 which are treated as assets and liabilities of the Company. The income and expenses of foreign operations in functional currencies other than RM are translated to RM at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Foreign currency differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the FCTR in equity. However, if the operation is a nonwholly-owned subsidiary, then the relevant proportionate share of the translation difference is allocated to the non-controlling interests. When a foreign operation is disposed of such that control, significant influence or joint control is lost, the accumulative amount in the FCTR related to that foreign operation is reclassified to profit and loss as part of the profit or loss on disposal.

(b) Foreign currency (continued)

(ii) Operations denominated in functional currencies other than Ringgit Malaysia (continued)

When the Group disposes of only part of its interest in a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation while retaining control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reattributed to non-controlling interests. When the Group disposes of only part of its investment in an associate or joint venture that includes a foreign operation while retaining significant influence or joint control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss.

(c) Financial instruments

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

A financial asset or financial liability is recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group or the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A finance instrument is recognised initially, at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial instrument not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial instrument.

An embedded derivative is recognised separately from the host contract and accounted for as a derivative if, and only if, it is not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract and the host contract is not categorised as fair value through profit or loss. The host contract, in the event an embedded derivative is recognised separately, is accounted for in accordance with policy applicable to the nature of the host contract.

(ii) Financial instrument categories and subsequent measurement

The Group and the Company categorise financial instruments as follows:

Financial assets

(a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Fair value through profit or loss category comprises financial assets that are held for trading, including derivatives (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or designated and effective hedging instrument) or financial assets that are specifically designated into this category upon initial recognition.

Derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of unquoted equity instruments whose fair values cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost.

(c) Financial instruments (continued)

(ii) Financial instrument categories and subsequent measurement (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

(a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (continued)

Other financial assets categorised as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at their fair values with the gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.

(b) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables category comprises debt instruments that are not quoted in an active market.

Financial assets categorised as loans and receivables are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

All financial assets, except for those measured at fair value through profit or loss, are subject to review for impairment.

Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost other than those categorised as fair value through profit or loss.

Fair value through profit or loss category comprises financial liabilities that are derivatives (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument) or financial liabilities that are specifically designated into this category upon initial recognition.

Derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of unquoted equity instruments whose fair values cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost.

Other financial liabilities categorised as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at their fair values with the gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.

(iii) Derecognition

A financial asset or part of it is derecognised when, and only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or control of the asset is not retained or substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred to another party. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) and any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in the profit or loss.

(c) Financial instruments (continued)

(iii) Derecognition (continued)

A financial liability or a part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires. On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in the profit or loss.

(d) Property, plant and equipment

(i) Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost/valuation less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The Group and the Company adopted the policy to revalue their freehold land and leasehold land every 5 years or at shorter intervals whenever the fair values of the freehold land and leasehold land are expected to differ materially from their carrying values.

Surpluses arising from the revaluation are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the revaluation reserve. Deficits arising from the revaluation, to the extent that they are not supported by any previous revaluation surpluses, are recognised in profit or loss.

Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset and any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to working condition for its intended use, and the cost of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located. The cost of self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials and direct labour. For qualifying assets, borrowing costs are capitalised in accordance with the accounting policy on borrowing costs. Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalised as part of that equipment.

Dry-docking costs are recognised in the carrying amount of ships, rigs, etc. when incurred and depreciated over the period until the next dry-docking.

The cost of property, plant and equipment recognised as a result of a business combination is based on fair value at acquisition date. The fair value of property is the estimated amount for which a property could be exchanged between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction after proper marketing wherein the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion. The fair value of other items of plant and equipment is based on the quoted market prices for similar items when available and replacement cost when appropriate.

(d) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

(i) Recognition and measurement (continued)

When significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

The gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and is recognised net within "other income" or "other expenses" respectively in profit or loss. When revalued assets are sold, the amounts included in the revaluation surplus reserve are transferred to retained earnings.

(ii) Subsequent costs

The cost of replacing a component of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the component will flow to the Group or the Company and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced component is derecognised to profit or loss. The costs of the dayto-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

(iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each component of an item of property, plant and equipment. Leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives unless it is reasonably certain that the Group will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term. Freehold land is not depreciated. Property, plant and equipment under construction are not depreciated until the assets are ready for their intended use.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Drydock and slipway	45 years
Cranes	10 - 15 years
Plant and equipment	3 - 20 years
Motor vehicles	5 years

Buildings are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of 50 years or the lease period.

The depreciable amount is determined after deducting the residual value.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at end of the reporting period.

(e) Leased assets

Finance lease

Leases in terms of which the Group or the Company assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Upon initial recognition, the leased asset is measured at an amount equal to the lower of its fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, the asset is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset.

Minimum lease payment made under finance leases are apportioned between the finance expense and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance expense is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Contingent lease payments are accounted for by revising the minimum lease payments over the remaining term of the lease when the lease adjustment is confirmed.

Leasehold land which in substance is a finance lease is classified as property, plant and equipment.

(f) Investment properties

Investment properties carried at cost

Investment properties are properties which are owned or held under a leasehold interest to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purpose.

Investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, consistent with the accounting policy for property, plant and equipment as stated in accounting policy Note 2(d).

Where the fair value of the investment property under construction is not reliably determined, the investment property under construction is measured at cost until either its fair value becomes reliably determinable or construction is complete, whichever is earlier.

Transfers between investment property and property, plant and equipment do not change the carrying amount and the cost of the property transferred.

An investment property is derecognised on its disposal, or when it is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the item is derecognised.

(g) Intangible assets

(i) Goodwill

Goodwill arises on business combinations is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. In respect of equity-accounted associates, the carrying amount of goodwill is included in the carrying amount of the investment and an impairment loss on such an investment is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill that forms part of the carrying amount of the equity-accounted associates.

Goodwill with indefinite useful lives are not amortised but are tested for impairment annually and whether there is an indication that they may be impaired.

(ii) Research and development

Expenditure on research activities, undertaken with the prospect of gaining new scientific or technical knowledge and understanding, is recognised in profit or loss when incurred.

Expenditure on development activities, whereby the application of research findings are applied to a plan or design for the production of new or substantially improved products and processes, is capitalised only if development costs can be measured reliably, the product or process is technically and commercially feasible, future economic benefits are probable and the Group intends to and has sufficient resources to complete development and use or sell the assets.

The expenditure capitalised includes the cost of materials, direct labour and overheads costs that are directly attributable to preparing the asset for its intended use. For qualifying assets, borrowing costs are capitalised in accordance with the accounting policy on borrowing costs. Other development expenditure is recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Capitalised development expenditure is measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

(iii) Intellectual property

Intellectual property consists of rights to trade name, know how and industrial property rights and is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

(iv) Amortisation

Other than goodwill, other intangible assets are amortised from the date that they are available for use. Amortisation is recognised to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets of 5 to 10 years.

(h) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of inventories is measured based on the first-in first-out principle and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories, production or conversion costs and other costs incurred in bringing them to their existing location and condition. In the case of work in progress, assembled cranes, manufactured inventories and finished goods, cost includes an appropriate share of production overheads based on normal operating capacity. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(i) Amount due from/(to) contract customers

Amount due from contract customers represents the gross unbilled amount expected to be collected from customers for contract work performed to date. It is measured at cost plus profit recognised to date less progress billing and recognised losses. Cost includes all expenditure related directly to specific projects and an allocation of fixed and variable overheads incurred in the Group's contract activities based on normal operating capacity. For qualifying contracts, borrowing costs are capitalised in accordance with the accounting policy on borrowing costs.

Amount due from contract customers is presented as part of total current assets in the statement of financial position for all contracts in which costs incurred plus recognised profits exceed progress billings. If progress billings exceed costs incurred plus recognised profits, then the difference is presented as amount due to contract customers which is part of the deferred income in the statement of financial position.

(j) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, balances and deposits with banks and highly liquid investments which have an insignificant risk of changes in fair value. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are presented net of bank overdrafts.

(k) Impairment

(i) Financial assets

All financial assets (except for financial assets categorised as fair value through profit or loss, investment in subsidiaries and investment in associates) are assessed at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events having an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the asset. Losses expected as a result of future events, no matter how likely, are not recognised. For an investment in an equity instrument, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below its cost is an objective evidence of impairment.

(k) Impairment (continued)

(i) Financial assets (continued)

An impairment loss in respect of loans and receivables is recognised in profit or loss and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the assets's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account.

An impairment loss in respect of unquoted equity instrument that is carried at cost is recognised in profit or loss and is measured as the difference between the financial asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset.

Impairment losses recognised in profit or loss for an investment in an equity instrument classified as available for sale is not reversed through the profit or loss.

If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of a debt instrument increases and the increase can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised in profit or loss, the impairment loss is reversed, to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not been recognised at the date the impairment is reversed. The amount of the reversal is recognised in the profit or loss.

(ii) Other assets

The carrying amounts of other assets (except for inventories, amount due from contract customers, deferred tax asset, assets arising from employee benefits, investment property measured in fair value and non-current assets classified as held for sale) are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. For goodwill and intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives or that are not yet available for use, the recoverable amount is estimated each period at the same time.

For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or cash-generating unit. Subject to an operating segment ceiling test, for the purpose of goodwill impairment testing, cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated are aggregated so that the level at which impairment testing is performed reflects the lowest level at which goodwill is monitored for internal reporting purposes. The goodwill acquired in a business combination, for the purpose of impairment testing, is allocated to a cash-generating unit or a group of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

(k) Impairment (continued)

(ii) Other assets (continued)

The recoverable amount of an assets or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash-generating unit. An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its related cash-generating unit exceeds its estimated recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognised in the profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash-generating units (group of cash generating units) and then to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the cashgenerating unit (groups of cash-generating units) on a pro rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. In respect of other assets, impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at the end of each reporting period for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss in the financial year in which the reversals are recognised.

(l) Equity instruments

Instruments classified as equity are measured at cost on initial recognition and are not remeasured subsequently.

(i) Issue expenses

Costs directly attributable to the issue of instruments classified as equity are recognised as a deduction from equity.

(ii) Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

(iii) Preference share capital

Preference share capital is classified as equity if it is non-redeemable, or is redeemable but only at the Company's option, and any dividends are discretionary. Dividends thereon are recognised as distribution within equity.

(l) Equity instruments (continued)

(iii) Preference share capital (continued)

Preference share capital is classified as financial liability if it is redeemable on a specific date or at the option of the equity holders, or if dividend payments are not discretionary. Dividends thereon are recognised as interest expense in profit or loss as accrued.

(iv) Repurchase of share capital

When share capital recognised as equity is repurchased, the amount of the consideration paid, including directly attributable costs, net of any tax effects, is recognised as a deduction from equity. Repurchased shares that are not subsequently cancelled are classified as treasury shares in the statement of changes in equity.

When treasury shares are distributed as share dividends, the cost of the treasury shares is applied in the reduction of the share premium account or distributable reserves, or both.

When treasury shares are sold or reissued subsequently, the difference between the sales consideration net of directly attributable costs and the carrying amount of the treasury shares is recognised in equity, and the resulting surplus or deficit on the transaction is presented in share premium.

(m) Bonds

The Redeemable Islamic bonds with detachable provisional rights to allotment of warrants are issued in the form of Sukuk Mudharabah in accordance with the Syariah principles of Mudharabah. The Islamic bonds are based on the Master Mudharabah (Profit Sharing) Agreement ("MAA") entered into between the Company (Mudharib) and Trustee on behalf of the investor (rabb al-mal). The investors provide the required capital to the Company under the principle of Mudharabah Mutlaqah or unrestricted Mudharabah for the relevant investment period, subject to specified terms and conditions, where absolute entrepreneurial authority was granted to the Company to manage the investment capital in Shariah compliant, general business activities of the Company.

The proceeds from the issue of Warrants, net of issue costs, will be credited to a warrants reserve account which is non-distributable. Warrants reserve will be transferred to the share premium accounts upon the exercise of warrants and the warrants reserve in relation to the unexercised warrants on the expiry date of the exercise period will be transferred to retained earnings. Further details of the Islamic bonds in issue are disclosed in Note 16 to the financial statements.

(n) Loans and borrowings

Loans and borrowings are initially recognised at fair value (net of transaction costs) and subsequently carried at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and redemption value is recognised in the profit or loss over the period of the loans and borrowings using the effective interest method.

(o) Employee benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations in respect of salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave and sick leave are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided.

A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid under short-term cash bonus or profit-sharing plans if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

The Group's contributions to the Employees Provident Fund are charged to profit or loss in the year to which they relate. Once the contributions have been paid, the Group has no further payment obligations.

(ii) Share-based payment transactions

The grant date fair value of share-based payment granted to employees is recognised as an employee expense, with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period that the employees unconditionally become entitled to the awards. The amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the number of awards for which the related service and non-market vesting conditions are expected to be met, such that the amount ultimately recognised as an expense is based on the number of awards that meet the related service and non-market performance conditions at the vesting date.

(p) **Provisions**

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

(i) Warranties

A provision for warranties is recognised when the underlying products or services are sold. The provision is based on historical warranty data and a weighting of all possible outcomes against their associated probabilities.

(p) **Provisions** (continued)

(ii) Contingent liabilities

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is not recognised in the statements of financial position and is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

(q) Revenue

(i) Construction contracts

Contract revenue includes the initial amount agreed in the contract plus any variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments to the extent that it is probable that they will result in revenue and can be measured reliably. As soon as the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, contract revenue and contract cost are recognised in profit or loss in proportion to the stage of completion of the contract. Contract expenses are recognised as incurred unless they create an asset related to future contract activity.

The stage of completion is assessed by reference to the proportion that contract costs incurred for work performed to-date bear to the estimated total contract costs. When the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognised only to the extent of contract costs incurred that are likely to be recoverable. An expected loss on a contract is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

(ii) Goods sold and services rendered

Revenue from sale of goods, trading of crane inventories and crane components and marine supplies is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and is recognised in profit or loss when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer.

Revenue from ship repair and other services rendered, which are of short term nature, is recognised in the profit or loss upon the completion of the repairs or services. Where the outcome of the transactions cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that are recoverable.

(q) Revenue (continued)

(iii) Rental income

Rental income from investment property is recognised in profit or loss as it accrues over the term of the lease.

Revenue from rental of cranes and vessels is recognised in profit or loss as it accrues.

(iv) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised in profit or loss when the right to receive payment is established.

(r) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues, using the effective interest method in profit or loss except for interest income arising from temporary investment of borrowings taken specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset which is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy on borrowing costs.

(s) **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs that are not directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or completed.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

(t) Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous financial years.

Deferred tax is recognised using the liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position and their tax bases. Deferred tax is not recognised for the following temporary differences: the initial recognition of goodwill, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Unutilised reinvestment allowance and investment tax allowance, being tax incentive that is not a tax base of an asset, is recognised as a deferred tax asset to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against the unutilised tax incentive can be utilised.

(u) Earnings per share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share data for its ordinary shares ("EPS").

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period adjusted for own shares held.

Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding adjusted for own shares held, for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, which comprise convertible notes and share options granted to employees.

(v) Operating segments

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenue and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. Operating segment results are reviewed regularly by the chief operating decision maker, which in this case is the Chief Executive Officer of the Group, to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

(w) Fair value measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using a valuation technique. The measurement assumes that the transaction takes place either in the principal market or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market. For non-financial asset, the fair value measurement takes into account a market's participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use. However, this basis does not apply to share-based payment transactions.

For financial reporting purposes, the fair value measurements are analysed into level 1 to level 3 as follows:-

- Level 1: Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liability that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2: Inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3: Inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The transfer of fair value between levels is determined as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

3. Property, plant and equipment

Group	Land	Buildings	Drydock and slipway	Cranes	Plant, equipment and motor vehicles	Capital work-in- progress	Total
Group Cont/Walanting	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Cost/Valuation	201 176	178,574	15 269	127 100	479 701	2 224	1 107 022
At 1 January 2013 Additions	284,176	2,336	45,368	$137,100 \\ 2,172$	478,791 23,008	3,224 10,597	1,127,233 38,113
Disposals	(551)	2,550	-	(4,725)	(9,945)	10,397	(15,221)
Written off	(551)	-	-	(4,723) (114)	(8,563)	-	(13,221) (8,677)
Reclassification	_	434	_	14,884	2,599	_	17,917
Exchange differences	3,464	2,231	-	4,061	9,944	128	19,828
At 31 December 2013/	5,101	2,231		1,001	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	120	17,020
1 January 2014	287,089	183,575	45,368	153,378	495,834	13,949	1,179,193
Acquisition of a subsidiary		-			51,144		51,144
Additions	-	5,432	-	9,694	30,162	9,107	54,395
Disposals	-		-	(9,038)	(30,197)	-	(39,235)
Written off	-	-	-	(454)	(6,858)	(271)	(7,583)
Reclassification	-	3,309	-	-	7,522	(10,831)	-
Exchange differences	1,326	(634)	-	(2,249)	9,459	549	8,451
At 31 December 2014	288,415	191,682	45,368	151,331	557,066	12,503	1,246,365
	/	/	/	,	,	,	
Representing items at:							
Cost	2,464	191,682	45,368	151,331	557,066	12,503	960,414
Valuation	285,951	-			-		285,951
	288,415	191,682	45,368	151,331	557,066	12,503	1,246,365
			,		,		-, ,
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses							
At 1 January 2013	6,507	52,813	14,093	40,170	295,173	-	408,756
Depreciation for the year	1,933	4,090	1,017	6,906	38,610	-	52,556
Impairment loss	-	-	-	-	3,885	-	3,885
Disposals	(17)	-	-	(2,765)	(5,356)	-	(8,138)
Written off	-	-	-	(114)	(4,992)	-	(5,106)
Reclassification	-	401	-	3,818	2,766	-	6,985
Exchange differences	-	1,792	-	2,903	4,884	-	9,579
Accumulated depreciation	8,423	43,416	15,110	50,382	329,645	-	446,976
Accumulated impairment							
loss	-	15,680	-	536	5,325	-	21,541
At 31 December 2013/							
1 January 2014	8,423	59,096	15,110	50,918	334,970	-	468,517
Acquisition of a subsidiary	-	-	-	-	31,283	-	31,283
Depreciation for the year	1,868	2,513	1,019	8,867	40,220	-	54,487
Impairment loss	-	-	-	-	(399)	-	(399)
Disposals	-	-	-	(6,247)	(20,693)	-	(26,940)
Written off	-	-	-	(454)	(6,784)	-	(7,238)
Reclassification	-	-	-	495	(495)	-	-
Exchange differences	-	(713)	-	(1,625)	5,704	-	3,366
Accumulated depreciation	10,291	45,216	16,129	51,418	378,880	-	501,934
Accumulated impairment							
loss	-	15,680	-	536	4,926	-	21,142
At 31 December 2014	10,291	60,896	16,129	51,954	383,806	-	523,076
<i>Carrying amounts</i> At 1 January 2013	277,669	125,761	31,275	96,930	183,618	3,224	718,477
	. , - ~ -	- ,	, ··· ·			-,	- , • •
At 31 December 2013/							
1 January 2014	278,666	124,479	30,258	102,460	160,864	13,949	710,676
1 Junuary 2017	270,000	127,777	50,250	102,700	100,004	13,777	/10,0/0
At 31 December 2014	278,124	130,786	29,239	99,377	173,260	12,503	723,289

3. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

	Land	Buildings	Cranes	Plant, equipment and motor vehicles	Capital work-in- progress	Total
Company	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Cost/Valuation						
At 1 January 2013	43,554	2,402	23,111	180,470	710	250,247
Additions	-	-	-	4,675	2,742	7,417
Disposals	(551)	-	(200)	(3,993)	-	(4,744)
Written off		-	(114)	(5,375)	-	(5,489)
At 31 December 2013/						
1 January 2014	43,003	2,402	22,797	175,777	3,452	247,431
Additions	-	-	1,575	13,922	6,118	21,615
Disposals	-	-	-	(15,817)	-	(15,817)
Written off		-	(454)	(6,559)	-	(7,013)
At 31 December 2014	43,003	2,402	23,918	167,323	9,570	246,216
Accumulated depreciation						
At 1 January 2013	1,732	253	8,664	83,139	-	93,788
Depreciation for the year	516	47	1,414	13,500	-	15,477
Disposals	(17)	-	(30)	(2,315)	-	(2,362)
Written off	-	-	(114)	(3,764)	-	(3,878)
At 31 December 2013/						<u>`````</u>
1 January 2014	2,231	300	9,934	90,560	-	103,025
Depreciation for the year	454	48	1,518	14,430	-	16,450
Disposals	-	-	-	(10,563)	-	(10,563)
Written off	-	-	(454)	(6,559)	-	(7,013)
At 31 December 2014	2,685	348	10,998	87,868	-	101,899
<i>Carrying amounts</i> At 1 January 2013	41,822	2,149	14,447	97,331	710	156,459
111 1 buildury 2015	11,022	2,1 17	1,1,17	77,551	/10	100,107
At 31 December 2013/ 1 January 2014	40,772	2,102	12,863	85,217	3,452	144,406
At 31 December 2014	40,318	2,054	12,920	79,455	9,570	144,317

Depreciation charge for the year is allocated as follows:

		Group		Company	
	Note	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Operating expenses	20	35,838	33,907	1,441	1,263
Contract costs	10	18,649	18,649	15,009	14,214
		54,487	52,556	16,450	15,477
				=====	

Security

The freehold land, buildings and certain long term leasehold land of the Group with a total carrying amount of RM177,590,000 (2013 - RM177,737,000) have been pledged to certain licensed banks as security for term loan facilities granted to the Group (Note 16).

3. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Assets under hire purchase

Included in property, plant and equipment of the Group are motor vehicles acquired under hire purchase arrangements with a carrying amount of RM12,000 (2013 - RM27,000).

Property, plant and equipment under the revaluation model

The Group and Company's freehold land and leasehold land were revalued upwards by independent professional qualified valuers in year 2012 and year 2010 respectively by using an open market value method.

Had the freehold land and leasehold land been carried under the cost model, the net book value of the Group's freehold land would have been RM37,330,000 (2013 - RM34,791,000) and Group and Company's leasehold land would have been RM54,322,000 (2013 - RM25,920,000) and RM8,291,000 (2013 - RM8,386,000) respectively.

Land

Included in the carrying amounts of land are:

	Group		Company	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Freehold land	135,704	134,378	50	50
Long term leasehold land	142,420	144,288	40,268	40,722
	278,124	278,666	40,318	40,772

4. Investment properties

	Group		Company	
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Cost				
At 1 January	629	1,058	2,260	2,687
Disposal	-	(429)	-	(427)
At 31 December	629	629	2,260	2,260
Accumulated depreciation and impairment loss				
At 1 January	353	561	1,028	1,202
Depreciation for the year	12	12	43	44
Disposal	-	(220)	-	(218)
At 31 December	365	353	1,071	1,028
Carrying amounts				
At 31 December	264	276	1,189	1,232
Included in the above are:				
Freehold land	94	94	94	94
Buildings	170	182	1,095	1,138
	264	276	1,189	1,232
			=====	=====

Investment properties of the Group comprise a number of commercial properties that are leased to third parties. Certain investment properties of the Company were leased to companies within the Group for their respective own use and accordingly classified as property, plant and equipment in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Market value

The market value of the investment properties presented on an aggregated basis is as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Market value of investment properties				
- aggregated basis	610	1,280	5,435	6,115
		=====	=====	=====

4. Investment properties (continued)

Market value (continued)

The market value of the investment properties of the Group and of the Company were derived at by reference to market indication of transaction prices for similar properties within the same/adjacent location.

The Directors estimated the fair values of the Group's investment properties without involvement of independent valuers.

5. Investments in subsidiaries

		Company	
		2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Ordinary shares			
Quoted shares - in Malaysia		98,663	98,663
Unquoted shares - at cost		243,027	243,030
Cumulative redeemable convertible			
preference shares, at cost	(a)	1,800	1,800
		343,490	343,493
Less: Impairment losses		(95,559)	(85,129)
			250.264
		247,931	258,364
Market value			
Quoted shares in Malaysia		360,912	413,409

(a) The cumulative redeemable convertible preference shares are held in a subsidiary and shall be redeemable at any time after 30 June 2009, at the discretion of the directors of the subsidiary.

The principal activities of the subsidiaries, their places of incorporation and the interest of Muhibbah Engineering (M) Bhd. are as follows:

				ctive
Company	Principal activities	Country of incorporation		rship rest 2013 %
Cranes segment			70	/0
Favelle Favco Berhad	Investment holding	Malaysia	60.34	60.99
Favelle Favco Cranes (M) Sdn. Bhd.	Manufacturing of cranes	Malaysia	60.34	60.99
Favelle Favco Cranes Pte. Ltd.*	Trading of cranes, spare parts and services	Singapore	60.34	60.99
Favelle Favco Cranes (USA), Inc.*	Manufacturing of cranes	United States of America	60.34	60.99
Favelle Favco Cranes Pty Limited* and its subsidiaries:	Manufacturing of cranes	Australia	60.34	60.99
FF Management Pty. Limited*	Management services	Australia	60.34	60.99
Milperra Blasting and Coating Pty. Limited*	Dormant	Australia	60.34	60.99
Kroll Cranes A/S*	Manufacturing of cranes	Denmark	60.34	60.99
Favelle Favco Cranes International Ltd.	Dormant	Labuan	60.34	60.99
FES Equipment Services Sdn. Bhd.	Hiring and repair of cranes	Malaysia	60.34	60.99
Favelle Favco Winches Pte. Ltd.*	Design, fabrication, trading, service and rental of winches, hydraulic system and material handling equipment		60.34	60.99
Favelle Favco Management Services Sdn. Bhd.*	Dormant	Malaysia	60.34	60.99
Shanghai Favco Engineering Machinery Manufacturing Co. Ltd.*	Manufacturing of cranes	China	46.46	36.59

Company	Principal activities	Country of incorporation	Effe owne inte 2014 %	rship
Marine shipbuilding and	ship repair segment		/0	/0
Muhibbah Marine Engineering Sdn. Bhd. and its subsidiary:	Ship building, renting of ship, providing ship repair services, trading of marine supplies and provision of other engineering works		100	100
Energy Ocean Ltd.	Trading of motor vessels, spar parts and other services	e Labuan	100	100
Infrastructure construction	on segment			
Juara Lagi Sdn. Bhd.#	Vessel chartering services	Malaysia	100	100
Elelink Sdn. Bhd.* and its subsidiary:	Investment holding	Malaysia	100	100
ITS Konsortium Sdn. Bhd.	Commissioning of intelligent transport system solution	Malaysia	60	60
Muhibbah Petrochemical Engineering Sdn. Bhd.# and its subsidiary:	Oil, gas, petrochemical engineering and related works	Malaysia	90	90
Eaststar Ltd.^	Dormant	Labuan	90	90
Muhibbah Engineering (Singapore) Pte. Ltd *	Civil and structural engineerin contract works	ig Singapore	100	100
MEB Construction Sdn. Bhd.#	Civil and structural engineerin contract works	ng Malaysia	100	100
Muhibbah Steel Industries Sdn. Bhd.*	Structural steel fabrication and related works	d Malaysia	100	100
Muhibbah Airline Support Industries Sdn. Bhd.	Manufacturing and services for airline support equipment	or Malaysia	100	100
Muhibbah Marine Engineering (Deutschland) GmbH*	Constructing and leasing of marine plants	Germany	95	95

		Country of incorporation	Effective ownership	
Company	Company Principal activities		inte 2014 %	erest 2013 %
Infrastructure construction	on segment (continued)		/0	/0
Muhibbah Masteron Cambodia JV Limited	Investment holding and civil and structural engineering contract works	Cambodia	70	70
Ann Bee (M) Sdn. Bhd.*	Manufacture of aluminium foils and carbonless papers	Malaysia	100	100
MEB Marketing Sdn. Bhd.*	Distribution and marketing of construction materials	f Malaysia	100	100
Aspect Saga Sdn. Bhd.*# and its subsidiaries:	Investment holding	Malaysia	100	100
IDS Cahaya Sdn Bhd*#	Investment holding	Malaysia	100	-
IDS Cahaya Ltd#	Offshore leasing business	Labuan	100	-
Muhibbah Reefers Sdn. Bhd.*	Manufacturing of containers and refrigerator containers	Malaysia	100	100
Khas Jejaka Sdn. Bhd.*	Investment holding	Malaysia	100	100
Muhibbah International Labuan Ltd.	Offshore leasing and international trade business	Labuan	100	100
Muhibbah Offshore Services Ltd.	Offshore leasing business	Labuan	95	95
Muhibbah Engineering (Cambodia) Co. Ltd#	Construction, quarry and trading business	Cambodia	60	60
Muhibbah-LTAT JV Sdn. Bhd.	Civil, marine and structural engineering contract works	Malaysia	51	51
Citech Energy Recovery System Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.* and its subsidiary:	Manufacture of waste heat recovery units for the oil and gas industry	Malaysia	100	100
Citech Energy Recovery Solutions UK (Ltd)*	Trading of waste heat recovery units, spare parts and other services	United Kingdom	100	100
CB International Engineering Sdn. Bhd.	Rental of investment properties and related services and provision of vessel chartering services	Malaysia	100	100

Company	C mpany Principal activities inc		owne inte	ctive rship erest
			2014 %	2013 %
Infrastructure construction	n segment (continued)			
Muhibbah Construction Pty. Limited.*+	Marine and port construction work	Australia	100	100
Karisma Duta Sdn. Bhd.*	Dormant	Malaysia	100	100
Muhibbah Oil & Gas Sdn. Bhd.* (formerly known as Besimega Sdn. Bhd.)	Dormant	Malaysia	100	100
Konsortium Muhibbah Eng-LTAT Sdn. Bhd.	Dormant	Malaysia	100	100
Sun Vibrant Sdn. Bhd.*	Dormant	Malaysia	51	51
MEB Equipment Sdn. Bhd.*#	Dormant	Malaysia	100	100
Advance Vision Ltd.#	Dormant	Labuan	100	100
Cambodia Land Ltd.#	Dormant	Labuan	100	100
Delta Field Ltd.	Dormant	Labuan	-	100
Muhibbah Engineering (Philippines) Corporation*#	Civil and structural engineerin contract works	ng Philippines	99.99	99.99

Concession segment

Muhibbah Airport				
Services (Labuan) Ltd.#	Investment holding	Labuan	70	70

- * Subsidiaries not audited by Messrs. Crowe Horwath
- # The auditors' reports on the audited financial statements of the subsidiaries contained an emphasis on the reliance of these subsidiaries on the continuing financial support from the Company and/or bankers in order to continue operating as going concerns.
- ^ This dormant subsidiary has been placed under members' voluntary liquidation during the year and no audit report was issued for the subsidiary for the financial year ended 31 December 2014. The results of the subsidiary (prior to liquidation) is consolidated using management accounts.

Concession segment (continued)

- + The auditor's report on the audited financial statements of the subsidiary contained an emphasis of matter as explained in Note 10 (b).
- (a) The Group's effective interest in Favelle Favco Berhad ("FFB") was diluted from 60.99% to 60.34%, pursuant to the exercise of employees share options by eligible employees of FFB during the year.

Non-controlling interest in subsidiaries

The following table lists out the information relating to Favelle Favco Bhd, the subsidiaries of the Group which has material non-controlling interest ("NCI"). The summarised financial information presented below represents the amount before any inter-company elimination.

	Group		
	2014	2013	
	RM'000	RM'000	
NCI percentage	39.66%	39.01%	
Carrying amount of NCI	187,167	163,158	
Profit allocated to NCI	31,568	23,833	
Dividends paid to NCI	8,526	6,338	
Total assets	1,134,377	955,008	
Total liabilities	674,648	553,642	
Revenue	797,895	764,185	
Profit for the year	84,012	64,995	

Acquisition of a subsidiary

During the financial year, the Group acquired 50% equity interests in IDS Cahaya Sdn. Bhd. IDS Cahaya Sdn. Bhd. was previously an associate of the Group. The fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed are as follows:

	Group 2014 RM'000
Property, plant and equipment	19,200
Investment in associate	3,686
Receivables	1,252
Cash and bank balances	18
Payables	(9,590)
Term loan	(28,256)
Taxation	(2)
Total liabilities assumed	(13,692)
Goodwill on consolidation	2
Loss on re-measurement to fair value of an associate	13,705
Total cost of acquisition	15
Less: Cash and cash equivalents acquired	(18)
Cash inflow on acquisition of, net of cash acquired	(3)

6. Investments in associates

	Group		Company	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Unquoted shares				
- At cost	81,611	86,690	8,424	8,501
- Share of post-acquisition reserves	128,601	103,688	-	-
	210,212	190,378	8,424	8,501
Less: Impairment loss	-	(77)	-	(77)
	210,212	190,301	8,424	8,424
				=====

6. Investments in associates (continued)

Details of the associates are as follows:

Details of the associates ar	e as follows:		T.ee.	- 4 •
Company	Principal activities	Country of incorporation	Owne inte 2014 %	-
Concession segment				
Roadcare (M) Sdn. Bhd.*	Operation and maintenance of roadways and bridges	Malaysia	21	21
Société Concessionnaire de l' Aéroport*#	Operator and concessionaire of airports in Cambodia	e Cambodia	21	21
Cambodia Airport Management Services Ltd. *#	Provision of airport management services	Cambodia	21	21
Infrastructure constructio	n segment			
Freyssinet PSC (M) Sdn. Bhd.*	Civil engineering and construction works	Malaysia	50	50
Inno Marine Services Sdn. Bhd.*#	Marine leasing activities	Malaysia	37.5	37.5
IDS Darul Ehsan Sdn. Bhd	.* Dormant	Malaysia	50	50
IDS Cahaya Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding	Malaysia	-	50
IDS Cahaya Ltd.	Offshore leasing business	Labuan	-	50
IDS Darussalam Sdn. Bhd.	*# Ship management service	s Malaysia	50	50
IDS Offshore Sdn Bhd*#	Ship management service	s Malaysia	50	50
Cranes segment				
Favco Offshores Sdn Bhd#	Manufacture, supply, servicing and renting of cranes	Malaysia	18.10	18.30
Favelle Favco Machinery and Equipment L.L.C*#	Trading and rental of construction equipment	United Arab Emirates	29.57	29.88
Favco Heavy Industry (Changshu) Co., Ltd.*#	Supply, renting and servicing of lifting equipment and spare parts	China	30.17	30.49

6. Investments in associates (continued)

The financial year end of all the associates is 31 December.

- * Associates not audited by Messrs. Crowe Horwath
- # Associates of subsidiaries of Muhibbah Engineering (M) Bhd.

Summary financial information of material associates

Summarised financial information of the concession segment, the major associates of the Group, adjusted for any differences in accounting policies and the carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed below:

	Group		
	2014	2013	
	RM'000	RM'000	
Gross amount of the concession associates			
Non-current assets	745,615	578,106	
Current assets	442,069	523,825	
Non-current liabilities	58,490	56,945	
Current liabilities	319,407	378,017	
Revenue	855,609	836,202	
Profit for the year	238,023	201,271	
Dividends received	33,061	35,120	
Comming amount in the consolidated financial			
Carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements	158,837	137,748	
Aggregate information of immaterial associates			
	Cro	un	

	Group			
	2014	2013		
	RM'000	RM'000		
Aggregate carrying amount	51,375	52,553		
Aggregate amount of the group share:				
- Profit for the year	7,229	6,659		

7. Receivables, deposits and prepayments

		Gro 2014 RM'000	oup 2013 RM'000	Com 2014 RM'000	pany 2013 RM'000
Non-current Trade					
Trade receivable Less: Allowance for impairment	7.2	38,710	40,205	-	-
losses		(7,051)	-	-	-
		31,659	40,205		-
Non-trade					
Amount due from a subsidiary	7.1	-	-	10,000	10,000
Amount due from associates	7.4	4,880	4,933	-	-
		36,539	45,138	10,000	10,000
Current					
Trade Trade receivables	7.2	384,849	102 220		
Progress billings receivable	7.2	612,913	283,338 665,369	552,554	- 653,279
Amount due from subsidiaries	7.2	012,713		195,937	40,848
Amount due from substituarles	7.4	41,863	17,021		-0,0-0
Amount due from joint venture	/	14,030	2,861	-	-
		1,053,655	968,589	748,491	694,127
Less: Allowance for impairment l	OSS	(453,599)	(443,261)	,	(460,293)
		600,056	525,328	288,566	233,834
Non-trade					
Amount due from subsidiaries	7.3	-	_	218,563	297,019
Amount due from associates	7.4	31,432	33,324	2,973	13,734
Other receivables		62,542	64,606	16,066	18,007
		93,974	97,930	237,602	328,760
Less: Allowance for impairment l	OSS	(10,367)	(12,883)	(12,331)	(14,618)
		83,607	85,047	225,271	314,142
Deposits		7,259	3,793	3,454	1,615
Prepayments		17,779	9,857	7,369	-
		108,645	98,697	236,094	315,757
		708,701	624,025	524,660	549,591
					=

7. Receivables, deposits and prepayments (continued)

- 7.1 The long term advance due from a subsidiary is non trade in nature, interest free, unsecured and is not expected to be repayable within the next twelve months.
- 7.2 Included in trade receivables and progress billings receivable are major receivables denominated in currencies other than the functional currency, as follows:

	Gr	Group		ipany
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Australian Dollar	17,029	29,147	-	-
Euro	12,555	32,463	-	-
Qatari Riyal	90,574	83,862	90,574	83,862
Singapore Dollar	1,203	15,189	-	-
Chinese Renminbi	35,693	78,885	-	-
Danish Krone	57,663	15,753	-	-
US Dollar	140,161	77,335	15,936	2,027
Sterling Pound	412	16	-	-

Also included in trade receivables and progress billings receivable of the Group and of the Company are retention sums of RM97,047,000 (2013 - RM97,381,000) and RM96,920,000 (2013 - RM97,045,000) respectively.

- 7.3 The amounts due from subsidiaries of the Company are interest free, unsecured with no fixed terms of repayment, other than an amount due from a subsidiary of RM49,631,000 (2013 RM49,631,000) which is subject to interest of 5% (2013 5.0%) per annum.
- 7.4 The amounts due from associates of the Group and of the Company are interest free, unsecured and have no fixed terms of repayment, other than an amount due from an associate of RM4,880,000 (2013 RM4,933,000) which is subject to interest of 1% (2013 1%) per annum.

8. Deferred tax (assets) and liabilities

Recognised deferred tax (assets) and liabilities

Deferred tax (assets) and liabilities are attributable to the following:

	Ass	sets	Liał	oilities	Net	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
Group	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Property, plant and						
equipment	-	-	48,583	52,284	48,583	52,284
Tax losses carry forwa	rd (2,276)	(3,521)	-	-	(2,276)	(3,521)
Unabsorbed capital						
allowances	(6)	(2,801)	-	-	(6)	(2,801)
Other items	(16,342)	(5,181)	209	1,227	(16,133)	(3,954)
Tax (assets)/						
liabilities	(18,624)	(11,503)	48,792	53,511	30,168	42,008
Set off of tax	3,177	6,022	(3,177)	(6,022)	-	-
Net tax (assets)/						······
liabilities	(15,447)	(5,481)	45,615	47,489	30,168	42,008
Company						
Property, plant and equipment	_	_	8,401	8,401	8,401	8,401
equipment			0,101	0,101	0,101	0,101
Net tax liabilities		-	8,401	8,401	8,401	8,401

Unrecognised deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:

	Group		Company	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Property, plant and equipment	(80,034)	(73,480)	(67,832)	(69,536)
Other temporary differences	3,792	30,816	-	-
Unabsorbed capital allowances	79,518	52,179	53,567	42,878
Tax losses carry forward	527,691	513,037	335,230	335,230
Provision	39,263	-	1,878	-
Foreign exchange losses	-	-	1,914	(180)
	570,230	522,552	324,757	308,392

8. Deferred tax (assets) and liabilities (continued)

Unrecognised deferred tax assets (continued)

The deductible temporary differences do not expire under current tax legislation. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these items because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Group can utilise the benefits therefrom.

Movement in temporary differences during the year

Recognised in equity Recognised in profit or loss (Note 22) (115) - - - (115) Reclassification - (261) - 261 Exchange differences - - 378 375 As at 31 December 2013/ 1 January 2014 52,284 (3,521) (2,801) (3,954) 42,007 Recognised in equity Recognised in profit or loss (Note 22) (3,700) 984 2,795 (11,566) (11,48) Reclassification - 261 - - - - Reclassification - 261 - (261) - - Reclassification - 261 - (261) - - - Exchange differences - - (353) (355) - - - - - As at 31 December 2014 48,584 (2,276) (6) (16,134) 30,160 - - - 8,516 - - - 8,516 - - - 8,516 - - - - 115 - -	Group	Property plant and equipment RM'000	Tax losses carry forward RM'000	Unabsorbed capital allowances RM'000	Other items RM'000	Total RM'000
Recognised in equity Recognised in profit or loss (Note 22) (115) - - (115) Reclassification - (261) - 261 Exchange differences - - 378 378 As at 31 December 2013/ 1 January 2014 52,284 (3,521) (2,801) (3,954) 42,000 Recognised in equity Recognised in equity - - - - - - Reclassification - 261 - <td>As at 1 January 2013</td> <td>50,740</td> <td>(29)</td> <td>(1.792)</td> <td>(5.304)</td> <td>43,615</td>	As at 1 January 2013	50,740	(29)	(1.792)	(5.304)	43,615
loss (Note 22)1,659(3,231)(1,009)711(1,870)Reclassification-(261)-261Exchange differences378375As at 31 December 2013/ 1 January 201452,284(3,521)(2,801)(3,954)42,007Recognised in equity Recognised in profit or loss (Note 22)52,284(3,521)(2,801)(3,954)42,007ReclassificationReclassification-261-(261)-Exchange differences(353)(352)As at 31 December 201448,584(2,276)(6)(16,134)30,160Company8,516As at 1 January 2013 Recognised in profit or loss (Note 22)8,516As at 31 December 2013/ 1 January 20148,4018,400Recognised in equity Recognised in equity Recognised in equityAs at 31 December 2013/ 1 January 20148,401Recognised in equity Recognised in profit or Recognised in profit orRecognised in equity Recognised in equity Recognised in equity Recognised in profit or	Recognised in equity	,	-	-	-	(115)
Exchange differences - - 378 378 As at 31 December 2013/ 1 January 2014 52,284 $(3,521)$ $(2,801)$ $(3,954)$ $42,000$ Recognised in equity Recognised in profit or loss (Note 22) $(3,700)$ 984 $2,795$ $(11,566)$ $(11,48)$ Reclassification - 261 - (261) Exchange differences - - (353) (352) As at 31 December 2014 48,584 $(2,276)$ (6) $(16,134)$ $30,166$ Company As at 1 January 2013 $8,516$ - - 8,514 Recognised in equity (115) - - $(11,26)$ Recognised in profit or loss (Note 22) - - - $8,401$ As at 31 December 2013/ 1 January 2014 $8,401$ - - - $8,40$	0 1	1,659	(3,231)	(1,009)	711	(1,870)
As at 31 December 2013/ 1 January 2014 52,284 (3,521) (2,801) (3,954) 42,007 Recognised in equity Recognised in profit or loss (Note 22) - - - - - Reclassification - 261 - (261) - - - Exchange differences - - - (353) (355) As at 31 December 2014 48,584 (2,276) (6) (16,134) 30,160 Company As at 1 January 2013 8,516 - - 8,516 - - 8,516 - - 8,516 - - 8,516 - - 8,516 - - 8,516 - - 8,516 - - 8,516 - - 8,516 - - - 8,516 - - - 8,516 - - - -	Reclassification	-	,	-	261	-
1 January 2014 52,284 (3,521) (2,801) (3,954) 42,007 Recognised in equity - - - - - - Recognised in profit or loss (Note 22) (3,700) 984 2,795 (11,566) (11,487 Reclassification - 261 - (261) - (261) Exchange differences - - (353) (352) As at 31 December 2014 48,584 (2,276) (6) (16,134) 30,166 Company - - - 8,516 - - - 8,516 Recognised in equity (115) - - - (11.57) - - 11.57 As at 31 December 2013/ 1 January 2014 8,401 - - - 8,401 Recognised in equity - - - - - 8,401 Recognised in equity - - - - - - Recognised in profit or - - - - - - -	Exchange differences	-	-	-	378	378
Recognised in equity Recognised in profit or loss (Note 22) (3,700) 984 2,795 (11,566) (11,48) Reclassification - 261 - (261) Exchange differences - - (353) (352) As at 31 December 2014 48,584 (2,276) (6) (16,134) 30,160 Company - - - 8,516 - - - 8,516 Recognised in equity Recognised in profit or loss (Note 22) 8,516 - - - 8,516 As at 31 December 2013/ 1 January 2014 8,401 - - - 8,40 Recognised in equity Recognised in profit or - - - 8,40		52 284	(3.521)	(2.801)	(3 954)	42 008
Recognised in profit or loss (Note 22) (3,700) 984 2,795 (11,566) (11,48') Reclassification - 261 - (261) Exchange differences - - (353) (353) As at 31 December 2014 48,584 (2,276) (6) (16,134) 30,160 Company As at 1 January 2013 8,516 - - 8,516 Recognised in equity (115) - - (11,50) Recognised in profit or loss (Note 22) - - - - As at 31 December 2013/ 1 January 2014 8,401 - - - 8,40 Recognised in equity Recognised in profit or - - - 8,40	•	- 52,204	(3,321)	(2,001)	(3,757)	-2,000
loss (Note 22) (3,700) 984 2,795 (11,566) (11,48) Reclassification - 261 - (261) Exchange differences - - (353) (353) As at 31 December 2014 48,584 (2,276) (6) (16,134) 30,160 Company - - - 8,516 - - 8,516 Recognised in equity (115) - - (11,148) - 11,148 Recognised in profit or loss (Note 22) - - - 8,516 - - - 8,516 As at 31 December 2013/ 1 January 2014 8,401 - - - - 11,11 Recognised in equity - - - - - - - - 11,11 Recognised in equity - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Reclassification - 261 - (261) Exchange differences - - (353) (353) As at 31 December 2014 48,584 (2,276) (6) (16,134) 30,160 Company - - - 8,516 - - - 8,516 Recognised in equity (115) - - - (115) - - (115) As at 31 December 2013/ 1 January 2014 8,401 - - - 8,401 Recognised in equity - - - - 8,401 Recognised in profit or - - - 8,401 Recognised in profit or - - - 8,401 Recognised in equity - - - - 8,401	e 1	(3,700)	984	2,795	(11,566)	(11,487)
As at 31 December 2014 48,584 (2,276) (6) (16,134) 30,164 Company As at 1 January 2013 8,516 - - - 8,514 Recognised in equity (115) - - - (115) Recognised in profit or loss (Note 22) - - - - (115) As at 31 December 2013/ 1 January 2014 8,401 - - - 8,401 Recognised in equity - - - - 8,401 - - 8,401 Recognised in profit or - - - - 8,401 - - - 8,401 Recognised in equity - - - - - - - - 8,401 Recognised in profit or -		-		-	,	-
Company As at 1 January 2013 8,516 - - - 8,516 Recognised in equity (115) - - (11) Recognised in profit or - - - (11) As at 31 December 2013/ - - - - 8,401 I January 2014 8,401 - - 8,40 Recognised in profit or - - - 8,40	Exchange differences	-	-	-	(353)	(353)
As at 1 January 2013 8,516 8,519 Recognised in equity (115) (11) Recognised in profit or loss (Note 22)	As at 31 December 2014	48,584	(2,276)	(6)	(16,134)	30,168
Recognised in equity Recognised in profit or loss (Note 22)(115)(112)As at 31 December 2013/ 1 January 2014Recognised in equity Recognised in profit or8,408,40	Company					
Recognised in profit or loss (Note 22) - - - - As at 31 December 2013/ 1 January 2014 8,401 - - 8,40 Recognised in equity - - - 8,40 Recognised in profit or - - - 8,40	As at 1 January 2013	8,516	-	-	-	8,516
As at 31 December 2013/ 1 January 2014 8,401 8,40 Recognised in equity Recognised in profit or	Recognised in profit or	(115)	-	-	-	(115)
1 January 20148,4018,40Recognised in equity8,40Recognised in profit or	loss (Note 22)	-	-	-	-	-
Recognised in profit or		8,401	-	_	_	8,401
• •		-	-	-	-	-
		-	-	-	-	-
As at 31 December 2014 8,401 8,40	As at 31 December 2014	8,401	-	-		8,401

9. Other non-current assets

	Group		Company	
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Other investments	621	633	9	9
Land held for development	8,828	8,290	-	-
Development costs	13,569	8,634	-	-
Intellectual property	1,148	1,365	-	-
	24,166	18,922	9	9
	=====	=====	=====	=====

	devel	Land held for development Group		Development costs Group		
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000		
Cost						
At 1 January	8,290	7,516	22,933	20,816		
Additions	-	220	5,780	6,083		
Disposal	-	-	-	-		
Written off	-	-	-	(3,479)		
Change in fair value	-	-	-	-		
Reclassification	-	-	-	-		
Exchange difference	538	554	471	(487)		
At 31 December	8,828	8,290	29,184	22,933		
Accumulated impairment/amortisation	on					
At 1 January	_	-	14,299	15,047		
Amortisation charge for the year	-	-	1,093	1,614		
Written off	-	-	-	(3,479)		
Impairment loss	-	-	-	1,262		
Reversal of impairment loss	-	-	-	-		
Reclassification	-	-	-	-		
Exchange difference	-	-	223	(145)		
At 31 December			15 (15	14.200		
At 31 December	- ======	-	15,615	14,299 =====		
Carrying amounts						
At 1 January	8,290	7,516	8,634	5,769		
At 31 December	8,828	8,290	13,569	8,634		
	=====		=====			

9. Other non-current assets (continued)

Development costs represent internally generated development expenditure by subsidiaries on new or substantially improved projects. It is reasonably anticipated that the development expenditure will be recovered through future commercial activity. The amortisation period of development expenditure ranged from 1 year to 5 years (2013- 1 year to 5 years).

Title

The long term leasehold land in a foreign subsidiary is registered in the name of its director cum minority shareholder who holds the property in trust for the foreign subsidiary.

		al property oup
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Cost		
At 1 January	1,800	4,319
Additions	-	-
Written off	-	(2,519)
At 31 December	1,800	1,800
Accumulated impairment/amortisation		
At 1 January	435	2,736
Amortisation charge for the year	217	218
Written off	-	(2,519)
At 31 December	652	435
Carrying amounts		
At 1 January	1,365	1,583
At 31 December	1,148	1,365
		=====

Intellectual property represents the acquisition of know how, rights to industrial property and trade name by subsidiaries. It is reasonably anticipated that the intellectual property will be recovered through future commercial activity.

10. Amounts due from/(to) contract customers

	Gr	oup	Company		
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	
Aggregate costs incurred to date Add: Attributable profits less	8,490,155	8,257,155	4,119,029	4,374,980	
foreseeable losses	136,238	130,265	20,560	34,966	
Less: Progress billings	8,626,393 (8,415,539)	8,387,420 (8,383,246)	4,139,589 (3,805,092)	4,409,946 (4,216,246)	
	210,854	4,174	334,497	193,700	
Represented by: Amount due from contract customers Amount due to contract customers	532,121 (321,267)	412,335 (408,161)	====== 334,525 (28)	====== 237,082 (43,382)	
	210,854	4,174	334,497	193,700	

Additions to aggregate costs incurred during the year include:

	Gr	oup	Company		
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	
Depreciation of property, plant					
and equipment	19,476	18,649	15,009	14,214	
Finance costs	11,772	20,689	11,772	9,740	
Rental expense	12,978	22,963	40,384	37,782	
Share-based payments	573	3,598	573	3,598	

(a) The amount due from contract customers includes an interim amount of RM271 million (2013 – RM224 million) for a completed project. The Company has consulted and engaged an experienced claim consultant to assist the Company to obtain approval for additional claims from the customer. The claim consultant is of the opinion that there are valid grounds for the claims which, inter alia represents works performed in addition to the original scope of the contract and claims that can be recovered in accordance with the law and the terms of the contract and should be approved by the customer.

The directors are of the opinion that the claims are recoverable in due course.

10. Amounts due from/(to) contract customers (continued)

(b) Included in the amount due to contract customer is an amount recorded in a 50% owned foreign venture entity of RM53.83 million (2013 – RM76.58 million) for a completed project based on conservative estimate of likely outcome of variation orders which are pending approval by a government authority.

The auditor's report of the foreign subsidiary for the financial year ended 31 December 2014 contained an emphasis of matter on the above matter. The auditors' report however does not contain any audit qualification.

11. Inventories

	Gr	oup
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
At cost:		
Cranes	-	3
Raw materials	10,571	12,252
Crane components	132,952	108,907
Work-in-progress	126,100	64,872
Manufactured and trading inventories	2,957	4,081
	272,580	190,115
At net realisable value:	2 2 2 2	2 094
Cranes	2,333 7,387	3,984 12,431
Crane components Raw materials	35	35
	282,335	206,565
		======
	Com	ipany
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
At cost:		

At cost:		
Work-in-progress	1,606	-

=====

12. Derivative assets/(liabilities)

		2014			2013	
Group	Contract/ Notional amount RM'000	Derivative assets RM'000	Derivative liabilities RM'000	amount	Derivative assets RM'000	Derivative liabilities RM'000
Forward foreign currency contracts	827,192	-	(24,890)	599,116 ======	726	(2,909)
Company						
Forward foreign currency contracts	66,373	-	(2,327)	87,097 	-	(706)

Forward exchange contracts are used to manage the foreign currency exposure arising from the Group's receivables and payables denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the Group. Most of the forward exchange contracts have maturities of less than one year after the end of the reporting period. Where necessary, the forward contracts are rolled over at maturity. There is minimal credit and market risk because the contracts are with reputable banks.

13. Cash and cash equivalents

	Gro	oup	Company		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Deposits placed with licensed banks	112,389	208,973	15,322	66,706	
Short-term funds	187,000	-	187,000	-	
Cash and bank balances	286,143	217,334	24,978	5,306	
		426 207	227.200	72.012	
	585,532	426,307	227,300	72,012	

Short-term funds represent investment in highly liquid money market, which is readily convertible to a known amount of cash. The effective interest rate is approximately 3.71%.

14. Share capital

	Group and Company				
	Number	of shares	Âme	ount	
	2014 '000	2013 '000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	
Ordinary shares of RM0.50 each					
Authorised:					
At 1 January/31 December	1,000,000	1,000,000	500,000	500,000	
Issued and fully paid:					
At 1 January	422,428	408,248	211,214	204,124	
Exercise of ESOS (i)	8,036	14,180	4,018	7,090	
Exercise of Warrant	1,000	-	500	-	
At 31 December	431,464	422,428	215,732	211,214	

(i) During the financial year, a total of 8,036,000 (2013 - 14,180,000) new ordinary shares of RM0.50 (2013 - RM0.50) each were issued at RM0.88 (2013 - RM0.88) for cash pursuant to the employees' share options scheme ("ESOS") of the Company. The premium arising from the exercise of ESOS of RM3,053,680 (2013 - RM5,388,400) has been credited to the share premium account. The details of options granted under the Company's ESOS, which remain outstanding at 31 December 2014, are disclosed in Note 24.

15. Capital and reserves

Treasury shares

This amount represents the acquisition cost for the repurchase of the Company's ordinary shares, net of the proceeds received on their subsequent sale or issuance of the shares repurchased.

The number of treasury shares held is 1,783,000 (2013 - 1,783,000). None of the treasury shares held was sold or cancelled during the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

15. Capital and reserves (continued)

Share premium

The share premium of the Group and of the Company represents premium arising from the issuance of ordinary shares of the Company at an issue price above par value and the transfer of option reserve to share premium when the share options are exercised.

The share premium may be applied only for the purposes as specified in the Companies Act, 1965.

Revaluation reserve

Revaluation reserve of the Group relates to the revaluation of freehold land and leasehold land of the Company and certain subsidiaries, and the revaluation of an investment in a subsidiary by the Company in 1982.

Capital reserve

The capital reserve of the Group represents reserve arising from the redemption of preference shares issued by a subsidiary, and the capitalisation of distributable reserve for issuance of bonus shares by subsidiaries in previous years.

Share option reserve

The share option reserve of the Group and of the Company comprises the cumulative value of employee services received for the issue of share options. When the option is exercised, the amount from the share option reserve is transferred to share premium. When the share options expire, the amount from the share option reserve is transferred to retained earnings.

Translation reserve

The translation reserve of the Group and of the Company comprises all foreign currency differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations.

Warrant reserve

The proceeds from the issue of Warrants, net of issue costs, is credited to a warrant reserve account which is non-distributable. Warrant reserve will be transferred to the share premium accounts upon the exercise of warrants and the warrant reserve in relation to the unexercised warrants on the expiry date of the exercise period will be transferred to retained earnings.

Single tier tax system

Under the single tier tax system, tax on the Company's profits is the final tax and accordingly, any dividends to the shareholders are not subject to tax.

16. Loans and borrowings

The note provides information about the contractual terms of the Group's and the Company's interest bearing loans and borrowings. For more information about the Group's and Company's exposure to interest rate risk, see Note 28.

	Gre	Group		Company	
Non-current Secured	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	
Term loans Hire purchase payables	54,525	47,041 14	-	-	
Unsecured					
Term loans Bond	14,742	20,241 70,000	14,742	20,241 70,000	
	69,267	137,296	14,742	90,241	
Current Secured					
Term loans	16,882	11,592	-	-	
Bank overdrafts	2	-	-	-	
Hire purchase payables	14	15	-	-	
	16,898	11,607			
Unsecured					
Term loans	5,500	5,500	5,500	5,500	
Bank overdrafts	10,400	4,660	234	2,010	
Bond	70,000	-	70,000	-	
Revolving credits	271,505	94,866	256,000	78,000	
Insurance premium finance	4,472	4,280	-	-	
	378,775	120,913	331,734	85,510	
	448,042	258,209	346,476	175,751	

16. Loans and borrowings (continued)

Terms and debt repayment schedule

<i>Group</i> 2014	Year of maturity	Carrying amount RM'000	1 year	1 - 2 years RM'000	3 - 5 years RM'000	Over 5 years RM'000
2014						
Term loans - secured - unsecured Bank overdrafts	2015- 2020 2018	71,407 20,242	16,882 5,500	15,312 5,500	39,213 9,242	-
- secured	_	2	2	-	_	-
- unsecured Revolving credits	-	10,400	10,400	-	-	-
- unsecured Bond	-	271,505	271,505	-	-	-
- unsecured Insurance premium finar	2015 nce	70,000	70,000	-	-	-
- unsecured	-	4,472	4,472	-	-	-
Hire purchase payables	2015	14	14	-	-	-
		448,042	378,775	20,812	48,455	
2013						
Term loans - secured	2015 - 2020	58,633	11,592	11,051	28,440	7,550
- unsecured Bank overdrafts	2018	25,741	5,500	5,500	14,741	-
- unsecured Revolving credits	-	4,660	4,660	-	-	-
- unsecured Bonds	-	94,866	94,866	-	-	-
- unsecured Insurance premium finar	2015	70,000	-	70,000	-	-
- unsecured Hire purchase payables	2015	4,280 29	4,280 15	- 14	-	-
1 1 1		258,209	120,913		43,181	7,550
		======		=====		

16. Loans and borrowings (continued)

Terms and debt repayment schedule (continued)

Company	Year of maturity	Carrying amount RM'000	Under 1 year RM'000	1 - 2 years RM'000	3 - 5 years RM'000	Over 5 years RM'000
2014						
Term loans - unsecured Bank overdrafts	2018	20,242	5,500	5,500	9,242	-
- unsecured Revolving credits	-	234	234	-	-	-
- unsecured Bond	-	256,000	256,000	-	-	-
- unsecured	2015	70,000	70,000	-	-	-
		346,476	331,734	5,500	9,242	
2013						
Term loans - unsecured Bank overdrafts	2018	25,741	5,500	5,500	14,741	-
- unsecured Revolving credits	-	2,010	2,010	-	-	-
- unsecured	-	78,000	78,000	-	-	-
Bonds - unsecured	2015	70,000	-	70,000	-	-
		175,751	85,510	75,500	14,741	

Hire purchase payables are payable as follows:

Group	Gross 2014 RM'000	Interest 2014 RM'000	Principal 2014 RM'000	Gross 2013 RM'000	Interest 2013 RM'000	Principal 2013 RM'000
Less than one year Between one and	15	(1)	14	16	(1)	15
five year	-	-	-	15	(1)	14
	15	(1)	14	31	(2)	29

16. Loans and borrowings (continued)

Terms and debt repayment schedule (continued)

Term loans

The secured term loans of the subsidiaries are charged against long term leasehold land, freehold land and buildings of subsidiaries (Note 3).

17. Payables and accruals

		Group		Company	
		2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Non-current					
Non-trade					
Advance from minority shareholders	(i)	15,076	14,232	-	-
Current					
Trade					
Trade payables	(ii)	449,797	393,795	161,576	108,870
Amount due to subsidiaries	(iii)	-	-	38,727	62,751
Amount due to associates	(iv)	346	4,951	320	4,835
		450,143	398,746	200,623	176,456
Non-trade					
Amount due to subsidiaries	(iii)	-	-	16,764	14,389
Amount due to associates	(iv)	1,603	647	-	-
Provision for warranty costs	(v)	37,008	38,053	6,751	776
Other payables		59,682	56,327	4,178	5,683
Accrued expenses		58,495	45,934	3,994	4,968
		156,788	140,961	31,687	25,816
		606,931	539,707	232,310	202,272

- (i) The advances from minority shareholders of a subsidiary are interest free, unsecured and are not expected to be repayable within the next twelve months.
- (ii) Included in trade payables of the Group and of the Company are advances received from contract customers amounting to RM12,658,375 (2013 Nil).

17. Payables and accruals (continued)

(ii) Included in trade payables are major payables denominated in currencies other than the functional currency, as follows:

	Gr	oup	Company		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Australian Dollar	66,436	23,747	-	-	
Danish Krone	11,249	5,431	-	-	
Euro	13,860	12,999	-	122	
Qatari Riyal	54,774	39,353	54,774	39,353	
Singapore Dollar	4,722	5,397	464	-	
US Dollar	63,913	41,969	17,098	5,716	
Sterling Pound	676	654	-	-	
Norwegian Krone	-	-	-	-	
Japanese Yen	71	79	-	-	
Philippine Peso	89	48	-	-	
Hong Kong Dollar	-	6	-	-	
Chinese Renminbi	19,997	18,361	-	-	

- (iii) The amounts due to subsidiaries of the Company are interest free, unsecured and have no fixed terms of repayment.
- (iv) The amounts due to associates of the Group and of the Company are interest free, unsecured and have no fixed terms of repayment.
- (v) Provision for warranty costs is made based on historical warranty data and a weighting of all possible outcomes against the associated probability of further costs being incurred on the completed projects where defect liability periods have commenced.

18. Bills payable

Bills payable of the Company are supported by a negative pledge executed by the Company and the bills payable of the subsidiaries are guaranteed by the Company. All bills payable of the Group and of the Company are unsecured and payable within a year and not subject to repricing before maturity.

19. Revenue

	Group		Company	
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Contract revenue	1,590,823	1,774,491	374,024	504,317
Sale of goods	105,331	115,201	-	-
Services rendered	37,466	46,709	11,254	6,914
Dividend income	-	-	25,324	66,898
	1,733,620	1,936,401	410,602	578,129
	======			

20. Operating profit

	Group		Company	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Operating profit is arrived at after charging:				
Amortisation of development costs	1,093	1,614	-	-
Amortisation of intellectual property	217	218	-	-
Audit fee - statutory:				
- Holding company's auditors	- 1 -		1.50	4.40
- Statutory audit	512	471	168	163
- Others	18	20 570	8	10
- Other auditors	650	579	15	23
Bad debts written off Cost of construction	9,188 1,479,481	- 1,723,119	181 370,580	28 517,194
Depreciation of investment properties	1,479,481	1,723,119	43	44
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	12	12	73	
- operating expenses	35,838	33,907	1,441	1,263
- contract costs	18,649	18,649	15,009	14,214
	54,487	52,556	16,450	15,477
Finance costs				
- borrowings	10,401	18,856	12,579	12,633
- interest expenses/(income) arising on	10,101	10,000	12,879	12,000
financial assets/liabilities				
measured under MFRS139	24,180	7,281	(15,912)	7,249
	34,581	26,137	(3,333)	19,882
- contract costs	11,772	20,689	11,771	9,740
	46,353	46,826	8,438	29,622
Loss on re-measurement to fair value of an				
associate	13,705	-	-	-
Net fair value adjustment on derivative	,			
instruments	22,707	3,296	1,622	633
Net impairment loss on development costs	-	1,262	-	-
Net impairment loss on investments in				
subsidiaries	-	-	10,430	19,453
Net impairment loss/(recovery) on	10.050			
receivables	18,253	(10,346)	(368)	(10,327)
Net impairment loss/(recovery) on	10	(20)		
other investments Net (recovery)/impairment loss on	12	(29)	-	-
property, plant and equipment	(399)	3,855	_	_
Net provision for warranties	7,505	2,835	5,975	-
Personnel expenses (including key	,,505	2,000	0,710	
management personnel)				
- contribution to Employee Provident Fund	13,967	12,331	2,181	1,445
- wages, salaries and others	123,339	126,547	18,904	13,464
Property, plant and equipment written off	345	3,571	-	1,611

20. Operating profit (continued)

	Group		Company	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Operating profit is arrived at after charging: (continued)				
Rental expenses on:				
- premises	7,571	2,578	2,412	1,589
- equipment	15,463	30,244	40,284	37,619
Share-based payments	1,825	5,641	1,122	4,652
Write-down of inventories	2,487	3,842	-	-
Write-off of investment in a subsidiary	-	-	3	66
and after crediting:				
Gain on disposal of investment properties	-	701	-	701
(Loss)/Gain on disposal of property, plant				
and equipment	(2,803)	(121)	(1,204)	1,785
Gross dividend	-	-	25,324	66,898
Interest income	5,772	5,769	3,882	4,681
Interest income arising on financial assets/				
liabilities measured under MFRS139	12,041	1,427	-	-
Net gain on foreign exchange				
- realised	590	1,944	889	388
- unrealised	11,345	10,437	-	-
	11,935	12,381	889	388
Rental income on:				
- premises	6,599	887	158	858
- equipment	9,049	11,014	-	-

21. Key management personnel compensation

The key management personnel compensations are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Directors of the Company				
- Fees	1,107	835	668	476
- Remuneration	4,376	3,751	3,880	3,575
	5,483	4,586	4,548	4,051

The Directors of the Company are the key management personnel for the Group with ultimate authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group either directly or indirectly.

22. Income tax expense/(benefits)

	Group 2014 2013 RM'000 RM'000		Company 2014 2013 RM'000 RM'000	
Current tax expense				
Malaysia - current	39,292	15,021	336	(6,039)
- overprovision in				
prior year	(430)	(603)	-	(121)
	38,862	14,418	336	(6,160)
Foreign - current	9,408	4,554	_	-
- overprovision in				
prior year	(914)	(91)	-	-
	8,494	4,463	-	_
Deferred tax expense (Note 8)				
Origination of temporary				
differences	(2,821)	1,223	-	-
Overprovision in prior years	(8,665)	(3,093)	-	-
	(11,486)	(1,870)	-	-
Others				
Utilisation of deferred tax assets				
not recognised in previous year	(11,037)	-	(8,287)	-
Capital gains tax	-	(656)	-	(656)
	(11,037)	(656)	(8,287)	(656)
Total income tax expense/(benefits)	24,833	16,355	(7,951)	(6,816)
1				

22. Income tax expense (continued)

_	Group		Company	
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Reconciliation of tax expense				
Profit before tax	143,689	132,570	12,314	19,210
Income tax using Malaysian				
tax rate at 25% (2013 - 25%)	35,922	33,143	3,079	4,803
Effect of different tax rates in foreign				
jurisdictions	(1,972)	3,565	-	-
Effect of deferred tax benefits not				
recognised	12,183	2,089	4,091	(820)
Utilisation of deferred tax assets				
not recognised in previous year	(15,587)	-	(8,287)	-
Non-deductible expenses	26,770	22,332	4,330	9,095
Non-taxable income	(13,952)	(27,586)	(12,213)	(19,915)
Double deduction	(311)	-	-	-
Tax incentives	(7,491)	(12,962)	-	-
Tax exempt income	(698)	(128)	-	-
Non-deductible losses from foreign projects	s 1,049	798	1,049	798
Capital gains tax	-	(656)	-	(656)
Others	(1,071)	(453)	-	-
	34,842	20,142	(7,951)	(6,695)
(Over)/Underprovision in prior years				
- current tax expense	(1,344)	(694)	-	(121)
- deferred tax expense	(8,665)	(3,093)	-	-
Total income tax expense/(benefits)	24,833	16,355	(7,951)	(6,816)

The statutory tax rate will be reduced to 24% from the current financial year's rate of 25%, effective year of assessment 2016.

23. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2014 was based on the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding calculated as follows:

	Group		
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	
Profit attributable to owners of the Company	81,550	86,379 ======	
	Gro	oup	
	2014	2013	
In thousands units of shares			
Number of ordinary shares issued at 1 January	420,645	406,465	
Effect of shares issued under ESOS	3,185	5,218	
Effect of shares issued under warrant	220	-	
Total weighted average number of ordinary			
shares in issue	424,050	411,683	
	Gro	oup	
	2014	2013	
Basic earnings per share (sen)	19.23	20.98	

23. Earnings per share (continued)

Diluted earnings per share

The Group has dilutive potential ordinary shares from the options granted to eligible employees of the Group and warrants.

The calculation of diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2014 was based on profit attributable to owners of the Company and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding on the assumption that all the dilutive potential ordinary shares are fully converted, as follows:

	Group			
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000		
Profit attributable to owners of the Company	81,550	86,379 =====		
	Gro	up		
	2014	2013		
In thousands units of shares				
Weighted average number of ordinary shares Effect of dilution arising from conversion of all:	424,050	411,683		
- employee share options	9,514	11,172		
- warrants	22,573	14,766		
Adjusted weighted average number of ordinary shares				
at 31 December	456,137	437,621		

The average market value of the Company's shares for the purpose of calculating the dilutive effect of share options was based on quoted market prices for the period that the share options were outstanding.

	Group		
	2014	2013	
Diluted earnings per share (sen)	17.88	19.74	
		====	

24. Employee benefits

Share-based payments

On 28 June 2011, the Company established an employees' share option scheme ("ESOS Scheme") to the eligible employees including Directors of the Company and its subsidiaries.

The main features of the New ESOS Scheme are as follows:

- (i) The maximum number of approved unissued new ordinary shares shall not exceed in aggregate 10% of the issued and paid-up share capital of the Company at any point in time during the duration of the ESOS Scheme;
- (ii) Save for Directors, the eligible employees are those confirmed full time employees of the Group and who have served for a continuous period of at least 1 year;
- (iii) A grantee shall be allowed to exercise the options granted to him/her subject to the following percentage limits based on his/her respective entitlement granted at the discretion of the ESOS Committee:

		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Cumulative % of	Year 1	-	-	-	-	-
options exercisable	Year 2	33.33%	-	-	-	-
during the	Year 3	66.67%	33.33%	-	-	-
option period	Year 4	100%	66.67%	66.67%	-	-
in:	Year 5	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

(iv) The exercise price shall be based on the weighted average market price of the shares of the Company for the 5 market days immediately preceding the offer date subject to a discount of not more than 10% or at the par value of the shares of the Company, whichever is higher;

The following options were granted under the ESOS schemes:

Grant date	Number of option '000	At 1.1.2014 '000	Granted '000	Exercised '000	Forfeited '000	At 31.12.2014 '000	Expiry date
29.9.2011	38,170	22,472	-	(8,036)	(431)	14,005	2.8.2016

24. Employee benefits (continued)

Share-based payments (continued)

Subsidiary	,						
Grant date	Exercise price RM	At 1.1.2014 '000	Granted '000	Exercised '000	Forfeited '000	At 31.12.201 '000	4 Expiry date
28.9.2011 28.9.2012 1.10.2013 29.9.2014	0.80 1.57 2.50 3.05	5,145 296 611	- - 640	(2,118) (110) (72)	(10) (12) (117) (78)	3,017 174 422 562	27.9.2016 27.9.2016 27.9.2016 5.7.2016
		6,052	640	(2,300)	(217)	4,175	

Details relating to options exercised during the year

			Company	
			2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Ordinary share capital at par Share premium			4,018 3,054	7,090 5,388
Proceeds received from exercise of share opti	ons		7,072	12,478
	Com 2014	pany 2013	Sub: 2014	sidiary 2013

	Company		Substatut J	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Average share price for the year	2.74	1.75	2.75	2.53
	===	===		===

The value of employee services received for issue of share options is as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Expense recognised as share-based				
payments	1,825	5,641	1,122	4,652
	====			====

24. Employee benefits (continued)

Fair value of share options and assumptions

The fair value of services received in return for share options granted is based on the fair value of share options granted, measured using the Black Scholes model, with the following inputs:

	Comp	oany	Subsidiary	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Fair value at grant date (RM)				
- Granted in 2011	0.40 - 0.50	0.40 - 0.50	0.34 - 0.42	0.34 - 0.42
- Granted in 2012	-	-	0.49 - 0.67	0.49 - 0.67
- Granted in 2013	-	-	0.83 - 1.01	0.83 - 1.01
- Granted in 2014	-	-	0.69	-
Weighted average share price (RM)				
- Granted in 2011	0.96	0.96	0.88	0.88
- Granted in 2012	-	-	1.74	1.74
- Granted in 2013	-	-	2.75	2.75
- Granted in 2014	-	-	2.75	-
Exercise price (RM)				
- Granted in 2011	0.88	0.88	0.80	0.80
- Granted in 2012	-	-	1.57	1.57
- Granted in 2013	-	-	2.50	2.50
- Granted in 2014	-	-	3.05	-
Expected volatility (%)	51.64	51.64	22.19 - 46.94	38.01 - 46.94
Expected option life (years)	3	3	3	3
Risk free interest rate (%)				
(based on Malaysia government bon	ds)			
- Granted in 2011	3.24 - 3.41	3.24 - 3.41	3.23 - 3.41	3.23 - 3.41
- Granted in 2012	-	-	3.06 - 3.24	3.06 - 3.24
- Granted in 2013	-	-	3.21 - 3.38	3.21-3.38
- Granted in 2014	-	-	3.35	-
Expected staff turnover (%)	12.00	12.00	10.00	10.00

The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends and not necessarily be the actual outcome. The expected option life is based on historical data, which may also not necessarily be indicative of exercise patterns that may occur.

25. Dividend

The dividend recognised in the current year by the Company is:

Ordinary dividend	Per share Sen	Total amount RM'000	Date of payment
2014 Final per ordinary share of RM0.50 each tax exempt – for the year ended 31 December 2013	1 4.50	19,087 ====	22 August 2014
2013Final per ordinary share of RM0.50 each less 25% tax – for the year ended 31 December 2012	n 2.50	7,774	29 August 2013

Proposed final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2014

The Directors have recommended a first and final tax exempt dividend of 8% (4.00 sen) per ordinary share of RM0.50 each totaling RM17,187,250 in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2014, which will be paid after the financial year end subject to the approval of the shareholders at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting, based on the issued and paid-up share capital (excluding treasury shares) of 429,681,250 ordinary shares of RM0.50 each as at 31 December 2014. The proposed final dividend has not been accounted for in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2014.

Dividend per ordinary share

The calculation of dividend per ordinary share is based on the proposed gross final dividend for the financial year ended 31 December 2014 of RM17,187,250 (2013 - RM18,929,036) on the issued and paid-up share capital (excluding treasury shares) of 429,681,250 ordinary shares of RM0.50 each (2013 – 420,465,250 ordinary shares of RM0.50 each) as at 31 December 2014.

26. Operating segments

Operating segments are prepared in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Group Executive Committee as its chief operating decision maker in order to allocate resources to segments and to assess their performance. For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services provided.

The Group comprises the following main business segments:

Infrastructure construction	Construction of petroleum hub and bunkering facilities, oil and gas terminals, liquefied natural gas jetty works, marine ports, bridges and dams, airport terminals runway and facility support buildings, heavy concrete foundations and other similar construction works
Cranes	Design, manufacture, supply, trading, leasing and service provider of offshore oil and gas pedestal cranes, tower cranes, shipyard cranes and other heavy lifting equipment cranes
Marine ship building and ship repair	Design, engineering, building and service provider of anchor handling tug boats, supply vessels, accommodation ships and marine vessels for the offshore oil and gas exploration and production works
Concession	Privatisation of international airports in Cambodia and road maintenance works in the central region of Peninsular Malaysia

Segment assets and segment liabilities

The Group Executive Committee reviews the segments' operating performance on segment net assets basis. Hence the segment assets and segment liabilities are presented on the same basis.

26. Segmental information (continued)

Business segments

	Infrast	tructure			Mar ship bu and s	uilding						
	consti	ruction	Cr	anes	rep	air	Conc	ession	Elimi	nations	Conso	lidated
]	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Segment profit		28,227	101,338	79,950	31,473	53,565	50,108	40,985	(55,143)	(70,157)	143,689	132,570
Included in the measure of segment profit are:												
Revenue from external												
customers Inter-segment	717,089	966,952	796,130	762,026	220,401	207,423	-	-	-	-	1,733,620	1,936,401
revenue	323,338	532,573	1,765	2,159	2,111	2,865	816	1,134	(328,030)	(538,731)	-	-
Interest income	28,420	8,578	5,186	2,837	1,803	11,431	-	-	(17,596)	(15,650)	17,813	7,196
Finance costs Share of results	(37,211) of	(35,837)	(9,040)	(7,667)	(10,239)	(19)	(359)	(414)	10,496	17,800	(46,353)	(26,137)
associates	3,149	6,608	888	51	(4,715)	-	49,871	39,913	-	-	49,193	46,572
Net segment assets	784,923	389,250 ======	459,729	403,184	164,569 ======	132,481	157,297	133,178	(698,230)	(300,981)	868,288	757,112

26. Segmental information (continued)

Geographical segments

The infrastructure construction segment is operating mainly in Malaysia, Qatar, Singapore and Cambodia. The cranes segment is managed on a worldwide basis with its head office in Malaysia. The cranes segment has manufacturing plants in Malaysia, Australia, United States of America and Denmark. The marine ship building and ship repair segment operates in Malaysia. The airport concession segment is managed in Cambodia and the road maintenance concession works are carried out in the central region of Peninsular Malaysia.

In presenting information on the basis of geographical segments, segment revenue is based on geographical location of the respective principal operations.

	Inside Malaysia		Outside Malaysia		Eliminations		Consolida	ited
Geographical information	2014 RM'000	2013	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Revenue	1,332,992	1,679,782 ======	2 728,658	3 795,350 = =====	(328,030)	(538,731)	1,733,620	1,936,401
Total assets	2,889,567	2,425,926	5 1,130,750) 1,130,550	(887,544)	(906,307)	3,132,773	2,650,169

27. Capital commitments

	Group		Company	
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Capital expenditure in respect of purchase of property, plant and equipment:				
- contracted for	28,090	-	28,090	-
	=====	=====	=====	=====

28. Financial instruments

28.1 Categories of financial instruments

The table below provides an analysis of financial instruments categorised as follows:

- (a) Loans and receivables (L&R);
- (b) Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
 - held for trading (HFT); and
- (c) Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost (FL).

28.1 Categories of financial instruments (continued)

Group	Carrying amount RM'000	L&R/ (FL) RM'000	FVTPL - HFT RM'000
2014			
Financial assets			
Receivables and deposits	690,922	690,922	-
Cash and cash equivalents	585,532	585,532	-
	1,276,454	1,276,454	-
Financial liabilities	(499.042)	(400.042)	
Loan and borrowings	(488,042)	(488,042)	-
Payables and accruals	(622,007)	(622,007)	-
Bills payable Derivative liabilities	(788,447)	(788,447)	- (24,890)
Derivative hadmities	$\frac{(24,890)}{(1,923,386)}$	(1,898,496)	(24,890)
	(1,923,380)	(1,898,490)	(24,890)
2013			
Financial assets			
Receivables and deposits	654,373	654,373	-
Derivative assets	726	-	726
Cash and cash equivalents	426,307	426,307	-
-	1,081,406	1,080,680	726
Financial liabilities			
Loan and borrowings	(258,209)	(258,209)	-
Payables and accruals	(553,939)	(553,939)	-
Bills payable	(616,600)	(616,600)	-
Derivative liabilities	(2,909)	-	(2,909)
	(1,431,657)	(1,428,748)	(2,909)
Company			
2014			
2014 Financial assots			
Financial assets	517 201	517 201	
Receivables and deposits Cash and cash equivalents	517,291 227,300	517,291 227,300	-
Cash and cash equivalents	744,591	744,591	
	,571	744,371	
Financial liabilities			
Loan and borrowings	(346,476)	(346,476)	-
Payables and accruals	(232,310)	(232,310)	-
Bills payable	(606,995)	(606,995)	-
Derivative liabilities	(2,327)		(2,327)
	(1,188,108)	(1,185,781)	(2,327)

28.1 Categories of financial instruments (continued)

Company	Carrying amount RM'000	L&R/ (FL) RM'000	FVTPL - HFT RM'000
2013			
Financial assets			
Receivables and deposits	559,591	559,591	-
Cash and cash equivalents	72,012	72,012	-
	631,603	631,603	-
Financial liabilities			
Loan and borrowings	(175,751)	(175,751)	-
Payables and accruals	(202,272)	(202,272)	-
Bills payable	(557,822)	(557,822)	-
Derivative liabilities	(706)	-	(706)
	(936,551)	(935,845)	(706)

28.2 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's financial risk management policy seeks to ensure that adequate financial resources are available for the development of the Group's businesses whilst managing its credit, liquidity, interest rate and foreign currency risks. The Board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

28.3 Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade receivables. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis.

Management has taken reasonable steps to ensure that receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are stated at their realisable values. The Group uses ageing analysis to monitor the credit quality of the receivables. Any receivables having significant balances past due more than 90 days, which are deemed to have higher credit risk, are monitored individually.

At the end of the reporting period, there were no significant concentrations of credit risk. The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset.

28.3 Credit risk (continued)

The exposure of credit risk for trade receivables by geographical region is as follows:

	Gro	oup	Company		
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	
Asia	383,734	370,873	182,056	149,972	
Europe	35,454	54,287	-	-	
America	28,819	27,799	15,936	-	
Middle East	90,599	87,688	90,574	83,862	
Australia	93,109	24,886	-	-	
	631,715	565,533	288,566	233,834	
		======	======		

The ageing of trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period was:

Group	Gross RM'000	Impairment RM'000	Net RM'000
2014			
Not past due	336,630	-	336,630
Past due 0 – 90 days	159,580	-	159,580
Past due 91 – 180 days	81,819	-	81,819
Past due more than 180 days	514,336	(460,650)	53,686
	1,092,365	(460,650)	631,715
2013			
Not past due	286,125	-	286,125
Past due $0 - 90$ days	82,891	-	82,891
Past due 91 – 180 days	44,620	-	44,620
Past due more than 180 days	595,158	(443,261)	151,897
	1,008,794	(443,261)	565,533

28.3 Credit risk (continued)

The movements in the allowance for impairment losses of trade receivables during the year were:

		Group)
		2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
At 1 January		443,261	453,603
Impairment loss recognised		21,245	4,000
Reversal of impairment loss		(3,325)	(14,413)
Reclassification		-	-
Exchange difference		(531)	71
At 31 December		460,650	443,261
	Gross	Impairment	Net
Company	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
2014			
Not past due	73,004	-	73,004
Past due $0 - 90$ days	38,770	-	38,770
Past due 91 – 180 days	49,958 586 750	- (450.025)	49,958
Past due more than 180 days	586,759	(459,925)	126,834
	748,491	(459,925)	288,566
2013			
Not past due	165,772	-	165,772
Past due 0 – 90 days	29,589	-	29,589
Past due 91 – 180 days	2,941	-	2,941
Past due more than 180 days	495,825	(460,293)	35,532
	694,127	(460,293)	233,834

The movements in the allowance for impairment losses of trade receivables during the year were:

	Company				
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000			
At 1 January	460,293	470,688			
Impairment loss recognised	132	139			
Reversal of impairment loss	(500)	(10,534)			
Reclassification	-	-			
At 31 December	459,925	460,293			
		=======			

28.3 Credit risk (continued)

The Group's trade receivables as at 31 December 2014 have been assessed for impairment losses. For those trade receivables that are not provided for impairment, the Group is satisfied that recovery of the amounts is possible.

28.4 Liquidity risk

The Group's exposure to liquidity risk primarily arises from its capabilities to meet its financial obligations, principally its trade payables, loan and borrowings, as and when they fall due.

The Group and the Company monitor and maintain a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by management to finance the operations and to mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

The table below summaries the maturity profile of the financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period based on contractual undiscounted cash flows:

Group			Contractua cash flows RM'000		1 - 5 years RM'000	Over 5 years RM'000
2014						
Secured borrowings						
- Term loans	2 - 5.56	71,407	72,624	17,346	55,278	-
- Bank overdrafts	8.1	2	2	2	-	-
- Hire purchase payables	5.7	14	14	14	-	-
Unsecured borrowings						
- Term loans	4.4	20,242	21,917	6,279	15,638	-
- Bank overdrafts	2.8 - 8.5	10,400	10,449	10,449	-	-
- Revolving credits	3.2 - 5.3	271,505	276,708	276,708	-	-
- Bonds	4.7	70,000	71,645	71,645	-	-
- Insurance premium finance	ce 2.2	4,472	4,498	4,498	-	-
Unsecured bills payable	1.7 - 5.1	788,447	788,447	788,447	-	-
Unsecured payables and accru	ials -	584,999	584,999	569,923	-	15,076
		1 821 488	1,831,303	1,745,311	70,916	15,076
			=======	=======		======
2013						
Secured borrowings						
- Term loans	4.7 – 5.4	58,633	60,150	12,189	40,365	7,596
- Hire purchase payables	5.7	29	29	12,105	14	-
Unsecured borrowings	5.7	2)	2)	10	14	
- Term loans	4.3 – 4.4	25,741	28,438	6,521	21,917	_
- Bank overdrafts	6.2 - 8.5	4,660		4,773		-
- Revolving credits	3.3 - 5.5	94,866	,	95,555	-	-
- Bonds	4.7	70,000	74,935	3,290	71,645	_
- Insurance premium finand		4,280	4,308	4,308		_
Unsecured bills payable	3.4 – 4.8	616,600	616,600	616,600	_	_
Unsecured payables and accru		515,886	515,886	501,654	_	14,232
ensecured payables and accre	iuio -	515,000	515,000	501,054	-	17,232
		1,390,695	1,400,674	1,244,905	133,941	21,828

28.4 Liquidity risk (continued)

Company	Effective interest rate %	• •		Less than 1 year RM'000	1 - 5 years RM'000	Over 5 years RM'000
2014						
Unsecured borrowings						
- Term loans	4.4	20,242	21,917	6,279	15,638	-
- Bank overdrafts	7.6	234	235	235	-	-
- Revolving credits	4.34 - 5.08	256,000	261,183	261,183	-	-
- Bond	4.7	70,000	71,645	71,645	-	-
Unsecured bills payable	1.7 - 4.82	606,995	617,827	617,827	-	-
Unsecured payables and accru	uals -	225,559	225,559	225,559	-	-
		1,179,030	1,198,366	1,182,728	15,638	-
2013						
Unsecured borrowings						
- Term loans	4.3 - 4.4	25,741	28,438	6,521	21,917	_
- Bank overdrafts	7.4	2,010	2,022	2,022	- 21,917	-
- Revolving credits	3.6 - 4.2	78,000	78,660	78,660	-	-
- Bonds	4.7	70,000	74,935	3,290	71,645	-
Unsecured bills payable	3.4 - 3.9	557,822	566,430	566,430	-	-
Unsecured payables and accru		201,496	201,496	201,496	-	-
		935,069	951,981	858,419	93,562	-

28.5 Interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk arises from its interest bearing financial instruments that could impact fair value and future cash-flows due to fluctuation in market interest rates. The Group and the Company borrow to fund the acquisition of property, plant and equipment and for working capital purposes from banks and financial institutions, and have fixed deposits placed with licensed banks. Interest rate exposure is managed through the use of fixed and floating rate debts.

Effective interest rates and repricing analysis

In respect of interest-earning financial assets and interest-bearing financial liabilities, the following table indicates their average effective interest rates at the end of the reporting period and the periods in which they mature, or if earlier, reprice.

28.5 Interest rate risk (continued)

Effective interest rates and repricing analysis (continued)

Group	Effective interest rate %	• Total RM'000	2014 Less than 1 year RM'000	1 - 5 years RM'000	Effective interest rate %	e Total RM'000	2013 Less than 1 year RM'000	1 – 5 years RM'000	more than 5 years RM'000
Financial assets									
Deposits placed with									
licensed banks	0.7 - 5.6	112,389	112,389	-	0.7 - 5.6	208,973	208,973	-	-
Short-term investment	3.71	187,000	187,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
		299,389	299,389	-		208,973	208,973		
Financial liabilities Secured borrowings - Term loans - Bank overdrafts	2 – 5.56 8.1	71,407 2	16,882 2	54,525	4.7 - 5.4	58,633 -	11,592 -	39,491 -	7,550
- Hire purchase payables Unsecured borrowings	5.7	14	14	-	5.7	29	15	14	-
- Term loans	4.4	20,242	5,500	14,742	4.3 - 4.4	25,741	5,500	20,241	_
- Bank overdrafts	2.8 - 8.5	10,400	10,400	-	6.2 - 8.5	4,660	4,660	-	-
- Revolving credits	3.2 - 5.3	271,505	271,505	-	3.3 - 5.5	94,866	94,866	-	-
- Bonds	4.7	70,000	70,000	-	4.7	70,000	70,000	-	-
- Insurance premium finance	2.2	4,472	4,472	-	4.9	4,280	4,280	-	-
Unsecured bills payable	1.7 – 5.1	788,447	788,447	-	3.4 - 4.8	616,600	616,600	-	-
		1,236,489 ======	1,167,222	69,267 ======		874,809	807,513	59,746	7,550

28.5 Interest rate risk (continued)

Effective interest rates and repricing analysis (continued)

Company	Effective interest rate %	Total RM'000	2014 Less than 1 year RM'000	1 - 5 years RM'000	Effective interest rate %	Total RM'000	2013 Less than 1 year RM'000	1 – 5 years RM'000
Financial assets Deposits placed with								
licensed banks	2.8 - 2.95	15,322	15,322	-	2.5 - 2.8	66,706	66,706	-
Short-term investment	3.71	187,000	187,000	-	-	-	-	-
		202,322	202,322	-		66,706	66,706	
Financial liabilities Unsecured borrowings								
- Term loans	4.4	20,242	5,500	14,742	4.3 - 4.4	25,741	5,500	20,241
- Bank overdrafts	7.6	234	234	-	7.4	2,010	2,010	-
- Revolving credits	4.34 - 5.08	256,000	256,000	-	3.6 - 4.2	78,000	78,000	-
- Bonds	4.7	70,000	70,000	-	4.7	70,000	70,000	-
Unsecured bills payable	1.7 - 4.82	606,995	606,995	-	3.4 - 3.9	557,822	557,822	-
		953,471	938,729	14,742		733,573	713,332	20,241

28.5 Interest rate risk (continued)

Interest rate risk sensitivity analysis

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Group does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the end of the reporting period would not affect profit or loss.

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

If interest rates as at the end of the reporting period increase by 100 basis points (bp) with all other variables being held constant, the Group and the Company's profit after taxation would have decreased by RM5,509,000 (2013 - RM6,008,000) and RM4,736,000 (2013-RM4,664,000). A 100 bp decrease would have had an equal but opposite effect on the profit after taxation.

28.6 Foreign currency risk

The Group is exposed to transactional currency risk primarily through sales and purchases that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the operations to which they relate. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily US Dollar, Euro, AUD, Chinese Renminbi, SGD, Norwegian Krone and Qatari Riyal.

The Group and the Company hold derivative financial instruments to hedge their foreign currency risk exposures. The exposure to foreign currency risk of the Group and of the Company is monitored by the management from time to time.

The foreign exchange contracts are used as hedges to manage the operational exposures to foreign currency risks. The exposure to foreign currency risk of the Group and of the Company is also mitigated by natural hedging via borrowings and payment of operational costs and expenses in the same currency of the major receivables.

The Group's exposure to major foreign currency is as follows:

Group	USD RM'000	Euro RM'000	AUD RM'000	RMB RM'000	SGD RM'000
2014 Financial assets Financial liabilities	305,485 (77,240)	21,653 (13,860)	72,115 (70,908)	41,353 (19,997)	43,233 (6,700)
Net financial assets	228,245	7,793	1,207	21,356	36,533
Less: Net financial assets denominated in the respective entities' functional currencies Less: Forward foreign currency contracts	(54,660)	(634)	(19,900)	(24,309)	(20,244)
(contracted notional principal)	(595,935)	(23,595)	(15,027)	-	(192,634)
Net currency exposure	(422,350)	(16,436)	(33,720)	(2,953)	(176,345)

28.6 Foreign currency risk (continued)

Group	USD RM'000	Euro RM'000	AUD RM'000	RMB RM'000	SGD RM'000
2013 Financial assets Financial liabilities	188,496 (88,388)	39,533 (25,473)	119,181 (62,311)	82,511 (19,997)	63,741 (8,031)
Net financial assets	100,108	14,060	56,870	62,514	55,710
Less: Net financial assets denominated in the respective entities' functional currencies Less: Forward foreign currency contracts	(45,127)	(1,651)	(45,382)	(22,275)	(12,916)
(contracted notional principal)	(344,019)	(23,379)	(27,122)	-	(195,629)
Net currency exposure	(289,038)	(10,970)	(15,634)	40,239	(152,835)

Sensitivity analysis to a reasonably possible change in the foreign currencies as at the end of the reporting period, with all other variables held constant:

Effects on profit after taxation

Group	USD RM'000	Euro RM'000	AUD RM'000	RMB RM'000	SGD RM'000
2014					
strengthened by 5%weakened by 5%	(15,838) 15,838 ======	(616) 616 ======	(1,265) 1,265	(111) 111 =======	(6,613) 6,613 ======
2013					
strengthened by 5%weakened by 5%	(10,839) 10,839 ======	(411) 411 =======	(586) 586 ======	1,509 (1,509) ======	(5,731) 5,731 ======

The Company's exposure to major foreign currency is as follows:

Company	USD RM'000	Euro RM'000	AUD RM'000	SGD RM'000	QAR RM'000
2014					
Financial assets	27,671	22	1,073	254	102,239
Financial liabilities	(33,681)	(7,579)	(4)	(21,464)	(54,774)
Net financial assets/(liabilities)	(6,010)	(7,557)	1,069	(21,210)	47,465
Less: Net financial assets denominated in the respective entities' functional currencies Less: Forward foreign currency contracts	-	-	-	-	(47,465)
(contracted notional principal)	(68,515)	-	-	-	-
Net currency exposure	(74,525)	(7,557)	1,069	(21,210)	
	======	======	======	======	======

28.6 Foreign currency risk (continued)

Company	USD RM'000	Euro RM'000	AUD RM'000	SGD RM'000	QAR RM'000
2013 Financial assets Financial liabilities	39,895 (17,486)	23 (8,419)	23 (62)	1,908 (21,214)	97,368 (39,353)
Net financial assets/(liabilities) Less: Net financial assets denominated in the respective entities' functional currencies Less: Forward foreign currency contracts	22,409 -	(8,396) -	(39)	(19,306) -	58,015 (58,015)
(contracted notional principal) Net currency exposure	(87,602)	(8,396)	(39)	(19,306)	

Sensitivity analysis to a reasonably possible change in the foreign currencies as at the end of the reporting period, with all other variables held constant:

Effects on profit after taxation

USD	Euro	AUD	SGD	QAR
RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
(2,795)	(283)	40	(795)	-
2,795	283	(40)	795	-
		======	=====	
(2,339)	(315)	(1)	(724)	-
2,339	315	1	724	-
			=====	
	RM'000 (2,795) 2,795 ===== (2,339) 2,339	RM'000 RM'000 (2,795) (283) 2,795 283 ===== ====== (2,339) (315) 2,339 315 ==== =====	RM'000RM'000RM'000 $(2,795)$ (283) 40 $2,795$ 283 (40) ========== $(2,339)$ (315) (1) $2,339$ 315 1 $2,339$ 315 1	RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 $(2,795)$ (283) 40 (795) $2,795$ 283 (40) 795 ==== ===== ===== ===== $(2,339)$ (315) (1) (724) $2,339$ 315 1 724

28.7 Fair values

The carrying amounts of the financial assets and financial liabilities reported in the financial statements approximated their fair values except for the following:

Company	2014	2014	2013	2013
	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair
	amount	value	amount	value
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Company Financial assets Quoted shares - long-term	98,663 =====	360,913	98,663	413,409

For those financial assets and financial liabilities that are impractical to establish the market value or fair value, are carried at cost less impairment, if any.

28.7 Fair values (continued)

Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Group	Level 1 RM'000	Level 2 RM'000		Total RM'000
2014 Financial asset Forward exchange contracts	-	-	-	-
Financial liability Forward exchange contracts	(24,890)	-	- ======	(24,890)
2013 Financial asset				
Forward exchange contracts	726	-	-	726
Financial liability Forward exchange contracts	(2,909)	 		(2,909)
Company				
2014 Financial asset Forward exchange contracts	-	_	_	-
Financial liability				
Forward exchange contracts	(2,327)	- ======	- ======	(2,327)

28.7 Fair values (continued)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

Company	Level 1 RM'000	Level 2 RM'000	Level 3 RM'000	Total RM'000
2013				
Financial asset				
Forward exchange contracts	-	-	-	-
			======	
Financial liability				
Forward exchange contracts	(706)	-	-	(706)
				======

29. Contingent liabilities - unsecured

C	Company	
Corporate guarantees	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Corporate guarantees to licensed banks for credit		
facilities granted to subsidiaries	165,541	84,633
		======

In the ordinary course of business, the Group and the Company also issue bank and performance guarantees to customers who were awarded contracts to the Group.

Continuing financial support

The Company has undertaken to provide continuing financial support to certain subsidiaries to enable them to meet their financial obligations as and when they fall due (Note 5).

29. Contingent liabilities – unsecured (continued)

Contingent liabilities – litigation (Group)

a) Litigation against the Company, its subsidiary Favelle Favco Berhad ("FFB") and FFB's subsidiary Favelle Favco Cranes (USA) Inc. ("FFCUSA") in the Supreme Court of the State of New York

A composition of personal injury actions, wrongful death actions, property damages actions, subrogation actions and lien actions ("the Suit") related to the collapse of a Favelle Favco crane on 15th March 2008 in the City of New York has been filed against the Company, FFB and FFCUSA.

The Suit relates to an incident involving the collapse of a Favelle Favco crane said to be caused by rigging activity carried out by a third party. The U.S. Occupational Safety & Health Administration ("OSHA") found that slings (independent of the crane per se) used during the rigging activity tore open causing the said incident. The Company's, FFB's and FFCUSA's inclusion in the Suit is purported simply to be by reason that the crane was a Favelle Favco crane.

The Suit remains ongoing and the Company's, FFB's and FFCUSA's management are of the opinion that it is premature to assess the outcome of the actions at this point in time.

b) Litigation against a subsidiary, Favelle Favco Cranes (USA) Inc. in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, County of New York

Favelle Favco Cranes (USA) Inc. ("FFCUSA") has been named as a defendant in connection with a lawsuit placed by Mr. Robert Paranella, who is claiming personal injuries resulting from an accident while descending a ladder on a crane. The plaintiff has alleged claims of general negligence and Labor Law claims.

As advised by the lawyers, the Board of Directors of FFCUSA is of the view that there are no merits to his claims.

c) United Engineers Malaysia Bhd ("UEM") v. MEB

Muhibbah Engineering (M) Bhd ("Company") has been successful in dismissing the Application filed by UEM in the Court of First Instance Qatar to appoint an arbitration panel in Qatar for a claim of RM26.5 million against the Company in respect of a subcontract project which was completed a few years ago. UEM has filed an appeal ("Appeal") on the decision of the Court of First Instance to the Court of Appeal in Qatar. The Appeal was dismissed on 24 February 2015.

29. Contingent liabilities – unsecured (continued)

Contingent liabilities – litigation (Group) (continued)

d) Muhibbah-LTAT JV (the "Joint Venture") v. Government Of Malaysia

The Government of Malaysia vide the Ministry of Defence ("GOM") was the Owner for the project known as "Design, Construction, Completion, Commissioning, Equipping and Maintenance of the Proposed Royal Malaysian Naval Base at Teluk Sepangar, Kota Kinabalu Sabah" ("the Project"). GOM had appointed the Joint Venture of which Muhibbah Engineering (M) Bhd ("MEB") and Lembaga Tabung Angkatan Tentera ("LTAT") [collectively referred to as the "Joint Venture"] had 51% and 49% interest respectively, to execute the works for the Project in 2001. The Project was completed in 2007. However there are claims arising from the Project that are yet to be paid by GOM. The arbitration is ongoing against GOM for claims of approximately RM26 million.

Should the said arbitration be successful, it will have a positive financial impact to the MEB Group.

30. Related parties

For the purposes of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Group if the Group or the Company has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Group or the Company and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

The Group has a related party relationship with its subsidiaries (see Note 5) and its associates (see Note 6).

30. Related parties (continued)

The significant related party transactions of the Group and of the Company, other than key management personnel compensation are as follows:

	Company		
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	
Significant transactions with subsidiaries:			
Gross dividend income receivable	(13,124)	(44,098)	
Interest income receivable	(3,232)	(3,049)	
Progress billings receivable	(380)	_	
Purchase of materials and services	102,092	307,314	
Rental expense	37,453	38,411	
Interest expense	40	14	
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	1,913	1,260	
Rental income receivable	(505)	(218)	
Sale of property, plant and equipment	-	(315)	
Share services	(1,900)	-	

	Group		Company	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Significant transactions with associates:				
Gross dividend income receivable	(36,862)	(41,120)	(12,200)	(22,800)
Technical assistance fee receivable	(7,225)	(6,914)	(7,225)	(6,914)
Purchase of materials, and services	-	324	-	-
Sale of goods	(35,101)	(4,663)	-	-

The above transactions have been entered into the natural course of business and have been established under negotiated terms.

The outstanding net amounts due from/(to) subsidiaries and associates and joint ventures as at 31 December 2014 are disclosed in Note 7 and Note 17 respectively.

The allowance for impairment loss on receivables in respect of the above significant related party transactions with subsidiaries and associates for the financial year ended 31 December 2014 amounted to RM26,032,000 (2013 - RM27,997,000) and NIL (2013 - RM2,286,000) respectively.

31. Capital management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a healthy capital ratio in order to support its business and maximise shareholder value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic and business conditions or expansion plans of the Group. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the year.

32. Comparative figures

	Group		
	As	As Previously	
	Restated RM'000	Reported RM'000	
Statement of Financial Position (Extract):- Non-current assets			
Receivables, deposits and prepayments	45,138	4,933	
Current assets	-	-	
Receivables, deposits and prepayments	624,025	664,230	

33. Realised and unrealised profits/losses

The breakdown of the retained profits/(accumulated losses) of the Group and of the Company as at the end of the reporting period into realised and unrealised profits/(losses) presented in accordance with the directive issued by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and prepared in accordance with the Guidance on Special Matter No.1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysian Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysia Institute of Accountants, as follow:-

	Group		Company	
	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2013 RM'000
Total retained profits/(accumulated losses) of Muhibbah Engineering (M) Bhd and its subsidiaries:				
- Realised	200,716	186,032	44,282	48,755
- Unrealised	,	(54,260)	,	(13,360)
Total retained profits/(accumulated losses)	168,187	131,772	36,573	35,395
from associated companies:				
- Realised	133,848	112,790	-	-
- Unrealised	(3,878)	(516)	-	-
	129,970	112,274		
Less: Consolidated adjustments	(95,768)	(101,620)	-	-
Total retained profits	202,389	142,426	36,573	35,395

Muhibbah Engineering (M) Bhd.

(Company No. 12737-K) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

and its subsidiaries

Statement by Directors pursuant to Section 169(15) of the Companies Act, 1965

In the opinion of the Directors, the financial statements set out on pages 7 to 99 are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as of 31 December 2014 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended.

In the opinion of the Directors, the information set out in note 33 on page 100 to the financial statements has been compiled in accordance with the Guidance on Special Matter No.1, *Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosures Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements*, issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants, and presented based on the format prescribed by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Directors:

Ooi Sen Eng

Mac Ngan Boon @ Mac Yin Boon Klang, Date: 21 April 2015

Muhibbah Engineering (M) Bhd.

(Company No. 12737-K) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

and its subsidiaries

Statutory declaration pursuant to Section 169(16) of the Companies Act, 1965

I, Lee Poh Kwee, the director primarily responsible for the financial management of Muhibbah Engineering (M) Bhd., do solemnly and sincerely declare that the financial statements set out on pages 7 to 100 are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, correct and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by the abovenamed in Klang on 21 April 2015.

Lee Poh Kwee

Before me:

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MUHIBBAH ENGINEERING (M) BHD. (Company No. 12737-K) (Incorporated in Malavsia)

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Muhibbah Engineering (M) Bhd., which comprise the statements of financial position as at 31 December 2014 of the Group and of the Company, and the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the financial year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, as set out on pages 7 to 99.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements so as to give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 1965 in Malaysia. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MUHIBBAH ENGINEERING (M) BHD. (CONT'D) (Company No. 12737-K)

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as of 31 December 2014 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 1965 in Malaysia.

Emphasis of matter

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 10 to the financial statements for the following:-

- (a) as explained in Note 10 (a) to the financial statements, the amount due from contract customers includes an interim amount of RM271 million for a completed project. The Company has consulted and engaged an experienced claim consultant to assist the Company to obtain approval for additional claims from the customer. The claim consultant is of the opinion that there are valid grounds for the claims which, inter alia represents works performed in addition to the original scope of the contract and claims that can be recovered in accordance with the law and the terms of the contract and should therefore be approved by the customer. The directors are of the opinion that the claims are recoverable in due course.
- (b) the emphasis of matter as contained in the auditors' report of a foreign subsidiary, as explained in Note 10 (b).

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 1965 in Malaysia, we also report the following:-

- (a) In our opinion, the accounting and other records and the registers required by the Act to be kept by the Company and its subsidiaries of which we have acted as auditors have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.
- (b) We have considered the financial statements and the auditors' reports of all the subsidiaries of which we have not acted as auditors, which are indicated in Note 5 to the financial statements.
- (c) We are satisfied that the financial statements of the subsidiaries that have been consolidated with the Company's financial statements are in form and content appropriate and proper for the purposes of the preparation of the financial statements of the Group and we have received satisfactory information and explanations required by us for those purposes.
- (d) The audit reports on the financial statements of the subsidiaries did not contain any qualification or any adverse comment made under Section 174(3) of the Act.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MUHIBBAH ENGINEERING (M) BHD. (CONT'D) (Company No. 12737-K)

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Other Reporting Responsibilities

The supplementary information set out in Note 33 on page 100 is disclosed to meet the requirement of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and is not part of the financial statements. The directors are responsible for the preparation of the supplementary information in accordance with Guidance on Special Matter No. 1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA Guidance") and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. In our opinion, the supplementary information is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the MIA Guidance and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

Other Matters

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 174 of the Companies Act 1965 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Crowe Horwath Firm Number: AF 1018 Chartered Accountants Onn Kien Hoe 1772/11/16(J/PH) Chartered Accountant

Kuala Lumpur,

Date: 21 April 2015